

BOY BURGLARS.

THEY RUMMAGE CLARA MORRIS'S APARTMENTS.

In Search of Diamonds, and Are Nabbed in the Act by the Nadeau Watchman and a Plucky Guest of the Hotel.

There was a big sensation at the Nadeau between 9 and 10 o'clock last evening—no less a sensation than the burglary of the apartments of Clara Morris, the well-known actress. Her rooms are Nos. 87 and 88, J. B. Baskin, a lawyer, who has been here for some time, occupies No. 86 with his wife. At about 9:30 p.m. Mrs. Baskin heard a

rustling in the actress's room, and informed her husband, who as promptly summoned help. W. W. Loyd, the clever old special officer on duty in the house, was quickly on hand, and so were several guests. Loyd tried his pass-key in the door of the front room, but found there was a key inside. He then tried the other door, and it opened readily. Lighting a match, he discovered that there was no one in that room. Then he looked into the room at the rear, and found it empty. There was a wardrobe in the front room, however, and upon opening the door of this, Loyd found two men hidden inside. Each had a revolver in his hand; and one, seeing Loyd, took aim at him. Loyd cocked revolver in Loyd's face. Loyd slammed the door of the wardrobe against the extended arm. This operation was repeated several times. At last one of the men, seeing that he was losing ground to the gentlemen at the door without difficulty. His companion, who had made the attempts

to shoot Loyd, dashed out also, with his revolver at a level. Mr. Baskin was "laying for him, however," with a big silver-headed cane, and kept him from shooting any one by giving him a heavy tap over the head, which stretched him out. Loyd immediately disarmed him, and the two young desperados were marched to the jail.

The burglars who made this bold attempt were both probably under 20 years of age, and had both been employed as bell-boys at the Nadeau. The elder was known by the name as Ed Hayes, but is really Louis, some 12 or 13 years older, the Friday about

two weeks ago and went to San Francisco, whence he had but just returned. He is a very hard young citizen. It was he that tried to do the shooting, and he is probably the principal in the whole affair.

His companion is named Bert Frank, and is a pleasant, well-liked boy, who left his position at the Nadeau Monday night. He is probably nineteen years old, ruddy-faced and good-looking. It is believed that he was enticed into the crime by Louis, who is

The boys, when they left their positions retained their pass-keys, and by this means were enabled to gain admittance to Miss Morris's room. Evidently knowing that she has a large quantity of diamonds, and supposing that some might be left in the room while she was at the theater, they went after the sparklers. The contents of her trunks had been hurriedly rummaged, and things were in a sad state of confusion in the room. It could not be discovered,

The boy burglars were locked up in different cells, being booked for burglary. Louis was pretty sick from the effects of the rap over the head. The two lads have an excellent chance of spending several years in San Quentin. They evidently didn't intend to be taken, and wouldn't have been but for the nerve of Officer Loyd and Mr. Baskin.

THE SMALLPOX.
Very Little Left of the Disease or Scare.
The smallpox has apparently pretty well petered out, though of course precautions cannot as yet be at all relaxed. There were no new cases yesterday, which makes none for two days. There is one death further to report—that of the nine-year-old Hay child,

corner Boston and Pearl streets, which occurred shortly after midnight yesterday morning. The other patients are doing well. Under the law, published elsewhere, vaccination is made compulsory, and Health Officer Hagan is going to enforce the law. People who haven't been vaccinated should take this simple precaution at once, and the "no new cases" report will be continued daily.

W. H. Stephens's Estate.
William D. Stephens yesterday filed a petition for letters of administration on the estate of William H. Stephens. The document recites that William H. Stephens died at San Gabriel, March 8th; that he left the following estate: Personal property, worth \$6500; 79 acres near San Gabriel, worth \$40,000; 250 acres in Tennessee, worth \$15,000, and 800 acres in Arkansas, worth about

\$1000; that he left a will dated September 24, 1885, with a codicil dated September 25, 1885, both signed by testator, but without subscribing witnesses; that petitioner and Judge A. M. Stephens were named in said will as executors, but that A. M. Stephens declines to serve. After giving a list of the heirs, already published in THE TIMES, petitioner prays that said will may be admitted to probate, and that letters of administration issue to him, said petitioner.

Nothing In It.
Rev. J. H. Simey, about whom a feeble morning paper made an extraordinarily flimsy attempt at a sensation, called at the police station yesterday on business. He has not yet found the absconding Kauffman. Lieutenant McCaleb, of Gen. Miles's staff, knew Rev. Mr. Simey five years ago at Fort Russell, Wyoming, where Mr. Simey was employed as tutor for the children of some of the officers. He states that there was nothing

Comin' Thro' the Rye.
Five days ago yesterday Mr. Johnson, of the San Rafael ranch, sowed several acres of rye. There has been no rain since; yet strange as the statement may seem, the rye stood 1½ inches high yesterday. A part of his friends visited the ranch, and when he informed them that the grain was put in

Out from St. Jo.

party. They propose to visit all of the principal places in the State, and will return by the northern route.

LYNCH VS. VANDEVER.

EIGHTH DAY'S PROCEEDINGS
IN THE CONTEST CASE.

An Array of Saloonists and "Bar-keepers" Testify for Joe, but Not Very Much for Joe—The Evidence.

"The mills of the gods grind slowly." So thought the Lynch-Vandever assembly, composed of Samuel Hamilton, the redoubtable Col. Howard and the reporter corps, as they sat in Notary Owen's office yesterday morning, awaiting the arrival of the learned counsel for respondent, while the calorific rays of a March-July sun warmed up the surrounding atmosphere.

The Cheney decision, the Boston railroad horror, the State Board of Health excursion, all received a share of profound consideration and comment, until Judge Campbell appeared and the wheels began to turn. The first witness was called and

EDWARD GOODMAN was sworn: Reside in Los Angeles. Sam Prager came to register me last fall. Did not vote; went to the polls at White House last election day at 3:30 p.m. to vote, and got in line. I remained till the polls closed, and did not get a chance to vote.

Cross-examined: I was in the line once and got out, and then went in again, but the polls closed before I got there. The first time I stopped out was at 4:30. The polls closed at 5 o'clock. I looked at my watch to see. The sun was not down. I looked to see. I did not see the sun, but saw its rays.

W. W. BROWN sworn: Live in Los Angeles. I went to the White House polls three or four times to vote on last election day, but there was always a long line of men, and I did not get in the line to vote.

Cross-examined: I am in no business now; I used to be in the saloon business. I was in no business then and have not been doing anything since.

T. RANDALL sworn: I went to White House to vote on November 2d last, but there was always a long line of men there—well, fifteen, or twenty, or thirty. I was at the polls just before they closed. There were fifteen or twenty men in line then.

Cross-examined: I am a bartender. Am not employed at anything now. Did not get into line when I went to the polls.

GEORGE DORSTEDT sworn: Reside at 224 First street. Was enrolled last fall by Giles Wescott. Did not vote. Name not on Great Register.

Cross-examined: It was about two weeks before election that he came to enroll me. Am a barkeeper in Charlie Smith's place, corner of First and Los Angeles streets. Was clerk in Joe Beyer's last fall. The man who took my name made me give my word that I was a voter and sign my name to a paper. I don't know what became of the paper.

F. HAKER sworn: I went to the White House polls to vote in the morning and in the afternoon, and each time there was a long string of men in line. I had not time, and so I left without voting.

Cross-examined: The first time I went I did not get in line. The second time I went I got in line, and remained twenty minutes and left. I am a laborer. Was not at work then. Am not now. Am trying to get on the street cars.

W. H. THOMPSON sworn: I am an elector here. Did not vote. Went to the White House for that purpose, but the crowd was too large at each time.

Cross-examined: I am a saloon-keeper at Norwalk. Then I was keeping a saloon on First street. Only got in line once.

[All above witnesses would have voted for J. D. Lynch.]

F. H. STEELE, sworn: Resided at 118 Aliso street last fall. I am a carpenter by trade. I was Deputy United States Marshal last election day. It took me fifteen or twenty minutes to vote when I went to the White House early in the morning.

For at least three hours the line of men there numbered 150. Polls closed before sundown. Only half of the double door was open at the polls, and men were delayed by that fact. I saw three men get in line and go up and vote. Then they got in line again. I thought they were going to repeat, and I watched them. They would go up to near the head of the line and then drop out. They were managed by Carter. He worked for the Republican party that day. I was Deputy Assessor last October, and enrolled some ten names. Three of them got on the Great Register.

Cross-examined: Can't remember the day I got my appointment as Deputy Assessor. It was before noon that I noticed the half door only being open. It was closed all day. If I had been a regular Deputy United States Marshal I would have kicked it open. One of the dummies came in twice; two of the others came in three times. I know them, because they were in the chain-gang. I'm a carpenter. Am in the saloon business. I don't know as it makes any difference when I worked at my trade last. It was in July or August of last year. I have a saloon now on the corner of First and Los Angeles streets.

Re-direct: The election board was four Republicans to one Democrat.

Re-cross: You bet your sweet life, I am a Democrat. I have an idea of my own that young Cline was a Democrat. That's all I know.

HENRY ORTLIFF sworn: I am a registered voter here, and voted at the White House last election. I came there at 12:15, and it took me till 1:20 to get to the polls. It took me about one minute or one minute and a half to vote when I got to the door.

Cross-examined: I am a book-keeper at Meyberg Brother's Crystal Palace.

W. T. BURNS sworn: Am a salesman in the Crystal Palace. Some of them came to me to

vote for them, and I wouldn't register. afterward I went and registered myself at the Clerk's office. He did not ask me questions. He knew me, for I had worked for him. He did not swear me, as I remember. I signed an affidavit.

Cross-examined: Did not vote, as I could not find my name on the Great Register. No one told me my name was on the register. I signed something in the County Clerk's office. Don't know what it was. It might have been some one's note. Don't know exactly what time it was.

Afternoon Session.

E. R. SMITH sworn: Am constable for Los Angeles township. Was a candidate for that office last fall, and all over the city on election day. In the afternoon about 3 o'clock I counted seventy-nine men in line at the White House. It was some time between 3 and 4 o'clock, and a man who was near the rear of the line did not reach the polls. Think the action of the Board of Supervisors in changing the boundaries of the two precincts in the Second Ward increased the number of voters by 400 or 500.

Cross-examined: I don't know all the members of the Board of Election, but think most of them were Republicans. The man who did not reach the polls was Shearer. He was in line an hour to my knowledge. There were three precincts in the Second Ward. Previous to last election there had been but two precincts, but they made the ward larger this time. The change was made from Macy to Mission street.

The witnesses failing to put in an appearance, the further hearing was adjourned to 10 o'clock a.m. today.

The Courts.

Justice Austin had a rather busy day yesterday. The examination of Horace Bell, for assault with a deadly weapon, was set for 10 a.m. March 22d. J. D. Richardson, the Main-street car-driver arrested for cruelty to animals (by overloading his car), was set for March 18th, at 10 a.m. Jim Ash's case, for the battery by which he nearly killed Harry Chandler, was continued to the 23d. Samuel Dugan pleaded guilty to disturbing the peace, and will be sentenced today. Michael Valle, accused of battery, was discharged.

In Justice Taney's court, R. Austin, accused of petit larceny, was discharged. Della Kinty, accused of petit larceny, was discharged. Thomas O'Brien and John Graham were fined \$5 each for petit larceny.

In Judge Austin's court, yesterday, Roxana Morgan was accused by Alfred Saunders of maliciously destroying, on March 14th, two abalone shells, the property of said Saunders, and of the value of \$1. Roxana pleaded guilty to the charge, and will appear for sentence this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

Samuel Dugan was arrested on two separate complaints for disturbing the public peace and making threats of personal violence at 42 North Main street, on the 18th. J. S. McCroy and James Noll made the complaints. Dugan entered a plea of guilty, and comes up for sentence at 9 o'clock this forenoon.

Pullman Passengers.

The following Pullman car passengers left by the Southern Pacific route for the North yesterday: On the 1:30 p.m. train were H. Dodge, W. Wells, W. J. Patterson, M. B. P. Wells, William Dyer, L. Spere, J. Fisher, P. Shiro, E. Farris, Mrs. Waldron, Miss Sedwick, Mrs. Joque, M. N. Morrison, G. G. Rounds, Miss Corse, M. E. Carpenter, A. Judis, Mrs. Park, Mr. Bartlett, Mrs. Fuller, W. Pierce, Miss L. Daniels, Miss Cunningham, W. N. Dennick, I. E. Davis, W. H. Whitney, Mrs. Amory and Mrs. E. Knowland.

On the 7:30 train last evening there were Mr. Van Nuys, J. I. Spear, Henry Best, J. D. Ferguson, J. E. Garland, W. H. Gray, Mrs. Hannahan, Mrs. Smith, A. A. White, C. W. Newcourt, W. H. Wallace, Mrs. Forest, Mr. Lockman, O. Livermore, Mrs. L. Foulter, C. A. Newcomb, E. A. Bohan, W. R. Hunt, J. D. Lynch and J. P. Clifford.

Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation were filed, yesterday, by the First Universalist Parish, of Pasadena, the object being to make provision for public worship and religious training. The directors are J. D. Vocum, Byron O. Clark and H. F. Goodwin.

Articles of incorporation were also filed by the A. O. U. W. Building Association, formed for the purpose of buying and selling real estate. The directors are Robert Sharp, C. H. Maathay, C. D. Howard, W. E. Lunt, W. Meek, J. J. Deiter, Anthony Auslyn, C. H. Creclat and L. A. Ward, all of Los Angeles. Capital stock, \$100,000; amount subscribed, \$7300.

The Belmont.

M. E. Clark, who was formerly manager of the Belmont, and later of the Hotel Arcadia (Santa Monica), has associated himself with M. C. Patrick. These two gentlemen have bought the furniture of the Belmont and leased the building itself for five years. They will enlarge and improve the house, and make it a strictly first-class hotel. There is no hotel more superbly situated, and it may be expected to be a success.

Stolen Turnouts.

John Hanlon's horse and buggy, left standing on Spring street, between Second and Third, were stolen at about 5 p.m. Monday.

George E. Carleton took J. E. Whisen's horse and buggy from Main street, Monday, having some claim thereon. Whisen, however, had replevined on the turnout, and now Carleton is wanted to answer before Justice Taney for contempt of court.

"Off," as Usual.

A morning sheet reported the presence in this city of several railroad men, yesterday morning, when, in fact, the gentlemen are not within a thousand miles of Los Angeles. It stated that T. H. Wilks, superintendent of the Pullman Car Company, and C. A. Gardison, arrived from the East on Monday.

A New Periodical.

The Architect, Builder and Mechanic of Southern California will shortly be issued by A. Willhartz, room 4, Wilson Block. It will be published twice a month. Its name indicates its mission.

WELL FORTIFIED.

THE CITY'S AMPLE LAWS APROPOS OF SMALLPOX.

The Health Authorities Well Armed with All Necessary Legal Power to Enforce Sanitary Measures—The Ordinances Quoted.

THE TIMES has already noted the fact that the necessary ordinances for the enforcement of sanitary measures are already in existence here. To show just how full and comprehensive these city laws are, and how well they meet the requirements of the present situation, the sections relating to the smallpox are quoted in full below. It may be added that Health Officer Hagan expresses his determination to enforce these laws to the letter. Following are the sections:

Section 427. Every person living within the limits of the city of Los Angeles who has not been vaccinated or has not had smallpox or varioloid, is hereby required to be vaccinated forthwith, and it should be the duty of the Health Officer to receive and vaccinate at his office, free of charge, all persons who may apply.

Any person within the meaning of this section willfully neglecting to be vaccinated shall be arrested by any police officer, and if unable to procure the services of some other physician shall be brought before the Health Officer and vaccinated by him.

Sec. 428 (?). The Health Officer, who shall be a graduate of some medical college in good standing, and reside within the city limits, shall keep an office in some convenient location, and shall keep the same open for gratuitous vaccination during certain hours of each day, of which he shall give public notice by advertisement from time to time in two daily newspapers, the one English and the other Spanish. He shall give his personal attention and services to the work of gratuitous vaccination, selecting and preserving the vaccine virus with his utmost care and skill, and shall so perform his duties as to promote the physical well-being of all who shall apply at his office.

Section 429 (47). It shall be the duty of each physician in this city to report to the Health Officer in writing, every patient he shall have within the limits of the city, affected with Asiatic cholera, smallpox or other contagious disease, immediately after he shall become satisfied of the nature of such disease, and shall report to said Health Officer every death from such disease immediately after the occurrence of such death.

Section 431. It shall be the duty of every householder in this city, or other person not employing a physician, to report in writing to the Health Officer, immediately the name of every person boarding or lodging at his or her house whom he or she shall have reason to believe to be sick of cholera, smallpox, or other contagious disease, and the death of any such person occurring at his or her house from any of such disease.

Sec. 432. No person shall drive or use any vehicle, or permit any vehicle belonging to him or her, or under his or her control, to be driven or used for the conveyance or removal of any person infected with cholera, smallpox, or other contagious disease, or the body of any person who may have died of any such disease without the written consent of the Health Officer.

Sec. 433. No person attending upon or otherwise coming in contact with any contagious disease in such a manner as to such an extent as to render him or her liable to communicate the disease, shall, during the continuance of the disease, go upon any public street wearing any infected clothing, or while thus attired, mingle with others not affected with such disease.

Sec. 434. Whenever a case of smallpox is reported to the Health Officer it shall be his duty, on proving the existence of the disease, to immediately cause to be erected a yellow or quarantine flag in a conspicuous place on said premises, or to have posted on the doorway of houses infected with the smallpox a placard setting forth the fact, the same to remain during the continuance of the disease on said premises.

Sec. 435. No person shall remove a smallpox patient from any house or place within the limits of the city to any other house or place in said limits, except to the smallpox hospital, without a permit from the Health Officer.

Sec. 436. No person shall, without a permit from the Health Officer, carry or remove from one building to another, or from any railroad depot to any house, or through public streets, any person sick of any contagious disease; and all persons having any contagious disease in their house, or on or about their premises, shall, immediately after their convalescence or removal of the persons affected therewith, disinfect, cleanse and purify their said houses and premises and rid them of every danger of propagating or communicating the said disease to others.

Sec. 437 (1). That the Board of Health of said city shall have power and authority to make all needful rules and regulations to carry out the objects and purposes of said Board.

(2) That every person living within the limits of said city, who has not been vaccinated within seven years, or where, having been vaccinated, said vaccination, in the opinion of the Health Officer of the city, was not effective; and excepting also all persons who have had the smallpox or varioloid, is required to be vaccinated on the demand of the Health Officer or any assistant of such Health Officer.

And any such person refusing to be vaccinated as aforesaid, shall be arrested by any police officer of the city and brought before the Health Officer and vaccinated by him.

Any person who shall refuse to allow said Health Officer to vaccinate him or her, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and it shall be the duty of the Health Officer to report the same to the Judge of the City Court, who shall issue a warrant for the arrest of such person and cause him or her to be brought before him, and shall proceed immediately to hear the case, and if such person is found guilty of such offense he shall be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$100, or imprisoned not less than five nor more than 100 days, or both, in the discretion of the said Judge.

(3) Said Health Officer may, with the

California Southern R. R. Passes Through This Tract

Excursion—Section 300.

READ THIS!

THE NEXT EXCURSION

—TO—

SAN BERNARDINO!

Will leave Los Angeles and Way Points

Thursday, March 17th, 1887, at 8:30 A.M.,

FROM THE NEW DEPOT, VIA CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

ROUND-TRIP TICKETS, good for three days, including fine lunch on the grounds, with choice music thrown, in all for \$3.

142 LOTS MURRAY & PAYNES'S Subdivision of the "Metcalf Tract," LOTS 142

WILL BE SOLD TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER, ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

These lots are only 1800 feet from where the A. T. & S. F. R. R. CO. are now constructing shops, roundhouses, sheds and warehouses, which, when completed, will employ at least 1500 men. These improvements are not only promised but are actually in course of construction. Third st. is the business street, and these lots are on First st., are 50 feet higher than the business portion, and command one of the most magnificent views in Southern California. ARTESIAN WATER WITH EVERY LOT. CERTIFICATE OF TITLE TO EVERY PURCHASER. TERMS OF SALE—\$25 positively required on the fall of the hammer, balance of $\frac{1}{4}$ on or before 10 days from sale, $\frac{1}{4}$ in 6 months, $\frac{1}{4}$ in 12 months and $\frac{1}{4}$ in 18 months, with interest at 5 per cent. THIS PROPERTY WILL DOUBLE IN 12 MONTHS. Fine, sandy soil. Lytle creek passes through this tract, affording finest of drainage. FINE ELEVATION! MAGNIFICENT VIEW!

For maps and full particulars call on

BEN E. WARD, Auctioneer, 4 Court st., L. A.,

Or GROSSMEYER, MARTIN & KEMP, San Bernardino.

The terms of sale and location of this property commend it to all those who are seeking

Sure and Safe Investment.

REMEMBER THE DAY AND DATE.

—THIS IS CHOICE!—

Pipe Works.

LOS ANGELES PIPE MANUFACTORY.

100,000 Feet 2-inch Pipe, Black or Dipped

—FOR SALE BY—

J. D. HOOKER & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

WROUGHT-IRON WATER AND WELL-PIPE.

WORKS, San Fernando and Railroad Streets, and Magdalena Ave.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA.

—TOWN SITES PIPED.—

Real Estate.

Real Estate on Monthly Installments.

Also, a Choice Tract of 90 Acres for Subdivision, and an Excellent Dairy, Corn & Stock Farm. For Sale Strictly on Their Merits.

No brass band at your expense, no free lunch, or houses given away, no by-bidding at auction sales, no lottery schemes required in selling property that has REAL MERIT; for those who may offer over adjacent real estate. We are here to stay, have a due regard for public opinion, and, in the end, find it more pleasant and profitable to recommend such properties as have never failed to realize profit to purchasers. Among our best bargains are:

FIRST—An additional subdivision of 20 acres (the first 30 having been closed out at lower figures) lots 50 feet front, wide streets, 1 mile east of our city limits. GRAND VIEW of mountains north, valley and ocean south, portion of city west; perfectly level; the only tract east of city limits having ITS OWN RESERVOIR. Besides, these lots have a new well, 30 feet of excellent water, large windmill and tank, for domestic purposes, free. Twenty thousand dollars is now being expended under contract on grading Second street alone, to be completed in 70 days. Fifty acres have been donated for a magnificent college. It is between the proposed cable and electric roads (partly completed) not far from street cars now running. PRICE \$100 PER LOT. Terms, \$30 down and \$10 monthly installments; no interest. Valuable developments will be made within the next 30 days, after which prices will be advanced.

SECOND—A beautiful tract of choice land for subdivision of 90 acres. A grand view, nearly all level; no alkali or adobe land; near our city limits; has an over-supply of excellent water; in the line of march of valuable improvements, ONLY \$400 PER ACRE. Terms to suit.

THIRD—One of the choicest dairy farms in this county, or unsurpassed for corn, alfalfa and stock; 144 acres, 12 miles from the city, on railroad, all fenced; good improvements, flowing well, running stream; $\frac{1}{4}$ in alfalfa. A great bargain; non-resident owner. Terms to suit.

WE HAVE ALL KINDS OF CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY FOR SALE. HUMPHREYS & RIGGIN, No. 20 South Spring Street.

WEST BONNIE BRAE TRACT

SITUATED ON NINTH STREET.

High Elevation! Magnificent Views! No Steep Hills!

Sea Breeze! City Water! No Adobe

Street Car Facilities! Good Drainage! Low Prices!

Aristocratic Neighborhood! Favorable Terms!

—FOR SALE BY—

Dobinson & Fairchild, & C. A. Sumner & Co.,

42 N. Spring st.

14 N. Spring st.

HYDE PARK!

Charming new town on the line of the L. A. & S. M. R. R., now building from this city to the "New Harbor at La Ballona." 3 1/2 miles from city limits; overlooks the city of Los Angeles; plenty of good water piped to the lots; each lot 60x190 feet, fronting on 60-foot avenues. These lots are selling rapidly at \$100; \$40 cash, balance \$10 per month without interest. Also, 5 and 10 acre villa lots surrounding the town. Conveyances leave the office at 9 a.m. and 2 p.m. to show parties the beautiful property.

M. L. WICKS or A. E. DITCH, Courthouse and Main Sts.

—HOMES IN—

Meadow Park Colony.

5, 10 AND 20 ACRE LOTS, \$75 PER ACRE. ONE-THIRD CASH. ONE-THIRD, third in one year, one-third in two years. The finest fruit and vegetable land in Los Angeles county. Every foot under cultivation. Situated 16 miles south of Los Angeles and 4 miles northwest of Wilmington, near the ocean. Free carriage from Wilmington on arrival of morning train from Los Angeles, every Tuesday and Friday.

For full information call on or address

WALTERS & TUBBS; Office, Pico House.

THE SOUTHERN BOOM.

A Fair Statement of the Case as it Stands.
(San Francisco Call.)

The prevailing boom in the southern counties is getting to be an old story. One observer says that "a large population is crowding into Los Angeles county, not for the purpose of settling, but for investment, and the tide of immigration is overflowing into Fresno and the adjoining counties." Another says that lots in Pasadena which sold at \$20 a front foot a few months ago have just been sold at \$200. A third informs us that lots for business purposes are selling in Santa Barbara for \$500 a front foot. We read in the papers that the trains are crammed with visitors to the citrus fair at Colton, and that they are all looking out for land. San Diego is laying out lots for a sugar refinery and other improvements. In San Luis Obispo they are having a tremendous time in trading in lands along the line of the new extension of the coast-branch of the Southern Pacific. Everybody is getting, or thinking he is getting, rich by buying and selling land. This is all in order. That people in the East should realize the advantage of California as a place of residence, and should act on the belief by buying lands and lots, is nothing more than what everybody might have expected. The only wonder is that the idea did not strike people sooner. But ideas do generally travel by fits and starts. For years people will let chances of bettering their condition pass them by without notice. All at once the same thought will occur simultaneously to whole communities, and everybody will act upon it at the same moment. The consequence is an outburst of speculation which engenders the condition of things we call a boom.

Of course, the boom must be followed by a reaction. Prices cannot advance all the time, especially when the rise is fast and furious. A time will come when people will want to realize, and this idea, like the other one, is apt to strike whole communities simultaneously. It may amount to a collapse. We know how it is ourselves. There are plenty of gentlemen walking around on Pine and Montgomery streets who can explain, from personal experience, how booms collapse. Our southern friends will do well to take to their story. An advance of 1000 per cent. in the value of city lots or farm lands can hardly become permanent—at least until there have been one or two sharp reactions.

But it may be said of speculations which collapse that they rarely carry away with them into the grave the substantial improvements which are created in their heyday. The soldier falls, but the army advances. The present boom in southern property will probably leave behind it a track white with the bones of dead speculators; but it will also leave lands improved, houses built, enterprises established, railroads constructed, factories erected, vineyards and orchards planted—a mass of betterments which in ordinary times would have taken a score of years to create, but which, under the vivifying influence of the boom, were called into being in a single twelvemonth. Los Angeles, Fresno, Santa Barbara, San Bernardino and San Luis Obispo may be discounting the future too rapidly; but the process will leave them a lot of substantial realities to the good. Of course real-estate speculation involves evil as well as beneficial effects. When prices become too high, people hang back and turn their faces elsewhere. Southern people who go crazy and bid up lots to fancy figures must expect that they will kill the goose which lays golden eggs. The business of Los Angeles and Santa Barbara does not warrant rents which are higher than those of San Francisco. If speculation puts them up to such figures the collapse will surely put them down below intrinsic values. It should be the interest of the leading men of the southern counties to be thinking of putting on the brakes in some places about these days, for if they do not they may find that they will divert attention from their section to others in which speculation has been less rampant.

"One Porcell."

A few days since E. Porcell, a deputy assessor, went before the Lynch contesting board and testified that he furnished twelve names to the County Clerk for registration, eleven Democrats and one Republican, and that the names of the Democrats had been left off the Great Register and the Republican put on. This was published with gusto in the Herald and telegraphed all over the State as a case of malfeasance by Lynch. But the next day Dunsmuir, the County Clerk, was called and testified that all of the eleven Democrats were placed on the Great Register, and he pointed out the names as they were printed. Of course this left Porcell in an unenviable light, but the fact was not telegraphed to any newspaper. The boat was on the other foot, and it was the wrong ox that was gored. Up to this time not a thing has been proved that will in any way invalidate Gen. Vandever's election. The effort seems to be to mystify, bulldoze, and raise a dust storm, but the contestants will experience a breeze as soon they get through that will blow it all away. Wait until the other gets their work in, and Joseph D. will wish he had taken good Democratic advice and left Congressman Vandever to take his justly earned seat unmolested.

A New Sixty-Stamp Mill.

The Oro Grande Mining Company commenced the erection of a sixty-stamp quartz-mill near their present fifteen-stamp mill near Daguerf. It will cost \$250,000, and it will take six months to complete it. Thirty men are employed in grading the foundation. There is enough ore on the dumps of the Waterloo mine to keep thirty stamps in operation for months, and the remaining forty-five stamps of the two mills will be utilized in reducing ore from the King, Burning Moscow, and other mines of the company. When the mill is completed and more men put to work in the mines, Calico will again experience the lively times of several years ago.

Steam in Ventura.

The Weekly Free Press printed this morning by the use of steam. It is the first time that steam has been used for the purpose in Ventura county.

Ours is the Shipman automatic engine, and works well for a new machine. It is a relief to know that we shall not be compelled to depend upon "man power" any longer to run off our paper.

Ventura County.

Joseph Baxter has purchased property in Modeno and Orange, and will remove to the latter place in a few days. We regret his removal from our county.

The smallpox case is much better today, we learn. By proper precaution it may be prevented from spreading. Country people need have no fear of coming to town on business, as the case is entirely remote from the business portion of town.

Cutler Arnold has sold his hotel property at Nordhoff to parties in Los Angeles, who propose fitting it up in good shape. Mr. Arnold has purchased 1500 acres of land in Temecula valley, San Diego county. He has also purchased property at Modeno and Orange, and expects to make the latter place his home. He will leave this county in about two weeks, we learn. Mr. Arnold is an old settler here, and his removal will be regretted by a large circle of friends.

SANTA PAULA.

Liberal proposals will be made to the railroad officials to induce them to locate machine or repair shops here. For this purpose a block of land, a short distance north of the railroad track, will probably be offered them. You see, we are as ambitious as every town on the line of the railway, and intend to win.

Large quantities of iron pipe for the oil works have arrived. We understand much of this will be used to transport the product of the newly developed wells at Sepe to this place.

The Santa Paula Water Company are laying considerable new pipe through which water may be conducted to the portions of the town now fast settling up. We have an excellent water supply. Further improvements on this line are anticipated.

THE LEXINGTON MINES.

Martin Halvey arrived in town last night, on his way to the First Mining District. He called on us today and showed us the assays of ore from said mines. The first was assayed by Joseph Craig, San Bernardino; the two last, which are from "Carbonate Hill," were assayed in Los Angeles by C. T. Mohr.

Silver, \$1.50; gold, \$87.74; total, \$89.24.

Silver, \$30.65; gold, \$15.00; total, \$45.65.

Silver, \$2.68; gold, \$58.57; total, \$61.25.

It will be seen by the above assays that the ore is exceedingly rich. And, best of all, the locality is apparently inexhaustible. It is estimated by some professional experts that it is several miles in extent.

Of course no one can tell what the result of working will be. The ledges may decrease in value as they are penetrated, and, on the other hand, they may increase in richness.

Read; Then Sit for a Picture.

"I have been walkin' round on top dis airth might nigh my allotted time," said Brother Gardner as the band ceased playing, "and yit some things are just as much a mystery to me as when I was 20."

"How does it happen dat de folks who am head-over-heels in debt put on de mos' style?"

"Why, am it dat de man wid a head full of brains mus' play second-fiddle to a monkey wid a pocketful o' money?"

"How does it come, dat while we mus' to lub our neighbor, nuthin' tickles us mo' dan to h'ar he has received a set-back and mus' take a cheaper house?"

"How am it dat de man wid de biggest di'mun pin, an' de woman wid de mos' real lace on her dress, git shot of deir counterfeited nickels sooner dan anybody else?"

"Show me a party of fifty pussons gwine to make a trip to Yurup, an' I'll pint out thirty-five who am stavin' off creditors to do it."

"We complain dat servant gals doan' know deir duties, an' we educate our darters to ignore housework as benevolence. De hired gals of de next generation won't be to blame if dey mix bread in de bath-tub an' mash 'aters wid a beer bottle."

"When de preacher gits up in de pulpit an' spains dat de African heathen am pinin' fur tracks an' Bibles we shell out de cash wid hot fingers. When de widder calls at de front doah to inform us dat her chill'en am cold and hungry an' ragged, we keep de cash kearily salted down, an' wonder if an autograph album wouldn't help de family to pull 'trew."

"Seems to me, as I lean on de fence an' look ober de landscape, dat a good shoer of dis world am wrong end to de shine of brass ketches de eye whar silver am unnoticed. A loud voice gathers a crowd sooner dan sweet song. Society demands a dress coat an' a white shirt, an' if dat demand am satisfied nobody will ax de wearer whether he has bin in state prison or de State Legislature! Let us now purposed to dispatch de routine business of de savamin'!"—*Line Kin Club.*

Pants and Pups.

There is no change this month in the hurricane deck of the English—you know suit of clothes. The most pronounced change of fashion in clothing is in the breed of dog now worn by those who are correctly dressed. The thing is a crushed pumpkin-pink-colored terrier, in tights to match the ground-work of the trousers. No chappie who has any self-respect will be caught in the merry month of May without a kennel the resources of which will permit him to have a fresh pup for every pair of trousers. The effect of this is highly and hilariously artistic. It may properly be termed a symphony in pants and pups.

The live stock is lashed to the slim by means of a chain of hammered gold, for which the latter still owes. Nons but highly moral dogs, who have abjured fights, and to whom the sight of a stray cat has no inflammatory effect, are used, for otherwise the slim's thumb might be dragged out by the roots. The latter carries a cane with a natural buck-horn or carved ivory handle, with which to club the dog should the latter's sense of self-respect incite him to mutiny and rage at being compelled to associate with the slim.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

Headquarters.
Gen. Miles has issued the following orders:

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF ARIZONA,
LOS ANGELES (Cal.), March 11, 1887.
Special Orders No. 28.

1. The general court-martial convened at Fort McDowell, by paragraph 5, Special Orders No. 22, current series, will try such persons as may be properly brought before it.

2. Paragraph 5, Special Orders No. 27, current series, is revoked.

By command of Brig.-Gen. Miles.

M. BARBER,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Dots.

SECOND excursion to San Bernardino

Thursday, the 17th.

J. W. DAVIS, prescription druggist.

Tanall's French at P. O. Cigar Store.

Dr. Willard's medicated inhalations are very popular in the treatment of head, throat and lung affections. Try them.

Buy your coal, wood, hay, feed and charcoal at Holmes and Scott's, 51 Spring st., between Second and Third, west side. Telephone 145.

Squirrel and Gopher Smoker.

The cheapest and most effective method of killing squirrels, possums, prairie dogs, etc.

Does away with all expensive poisons, such as arsenic, strychnine, phosphorus, etc.

Price, 50 cents per dozen. Send for illustrated circular to patentee, F. E. Browne, 44 S. Spring st., Los Angeles, Cal.

Every household should have a good filter to guard against disease. The Gate City water filter does the best work, and is more durable and cheaper than any other filter made. Found at Parnell's Bazaar, 106-112 N. Main street.

The Benton, 123 Sutter st., San Francisco.

Large assortment of traveling and tourists' shirts at Eagleston & Co., 50 North Spring st.

Dr. Reardon's Corn Remedy, a guaranteed cure for corns. Ellis & Co. sell it.

GERHARDT'S prepared cocoa, most excellent substitute for tea and coffee.

Buy Eagleston's line underwear. 50 N. Spring.

Napa Soda, the prince of table waters.

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Corner Temple and New High streets.

Unclassified.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—
FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

—OF LOS ANGELES—

At Los Angeles, in the State of California.

At the close of business, March 4, 1887.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts \$1,726,977 00

Overdrafts 16,000 00

U. S. bonds on hand 50,000 00

Other stocks 1,000 00

Due from State banks and banks 305,219 01

Due from approved reserve agents 490,109 18

Due from other National Banks 46,748 56

Due from State banks and banks 75,273 25

Real estate, furniture and fixtures 37,227 25

Current expenses and taxes paid 6,481 51

Checks and other cash items 3,527 40

Other assets 6,740 00

Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents 20 12

Specie 612,129 50

Legal tender notes 36,442 00

Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation) 2,250 00

\$2,702,296 12

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in 800,000 00

Surplus fund 50,000 00

Undivided profits 64,403 12

National Bank notes outstanding 45,900 00

Individual deposits subject to check 2,142,000 73

Demand certificates of deposit 117,723 25

Cashier's checks outstanding 45,200 19

Due to other National Banks 5,002 00

Due to State banks and bankers 7,821 44

\$2,702,296 12

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ss.

County of Los Angeles, ss.

I, J. M. Elliott, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1887.

[SEAL.] T. E. ROWAN,
Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

J. E. SPENCE,
JOHN D. RICKNELL, Directors.

J. F. CHANK.

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Remunerative employment offered energetic and reliable men. Address

SECURITY MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY,

233 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE.

Hereafter my office will be at

NO. 25 TEMPLE ST., LAWYERS' BLOCK.

Where I will offer choice city residence and business property at greatly reduced prices until my departure for the East. This is a chance not to be neglected.

V. BAUDRY.

Real Estate.

REAL ESTATE.

2-Lot in Villa tract, a bargain..... \$ 600

2-Lot in Goodwin tract, each..... 400

2-Lot in O. W. Childs tract, each..... 1,000

2-Lot on Eleventh st., near Pearl..... 2,000

2-Lot 10x120 feet on Seventh st., near San Pedro, with house and stable..... 6,000

2-A beautiful house and lot on Hill st., bet. Ninth and Tenth sts., a bargain..... 5,000

2-Fine lot on Pearl and Deepwater sts., near Pearl..... 800

2-Lot on California st., bet. Main and Hill..... 1,300

2-10-room new house, near business part of city; fine view; only..... 2,600

2-Bee ranch, 44 acres, within 7 miles of the city, with water right; 100 stand of bees, with all conveniences for extracting honey; 5-room house; a bargain..... 2,600

2-10-room house and lot on Hill st., bet. Ninth and Tenth sts., a bargain..... 1,500

2-House of 6 rooms in Electric tract..... 1,300

2-120 feet on Walnut ave, near Main st., nicely improved, with a 6-room house..... 3,700

2-19 beautiful lots on Boyle Heights, on one-half mile line and on corner of terminus of two-horse cars; this is a first-class bargain..... 8,000

AND OTHER BARGAINS.

Apply to

W. W. REEDY,

Room 15, Allen block, cor. Spring and Temple streets.

ALAMITOS BEACH TOWNSITE.

This new seaside resort is located on the Pacific Ocean, 12 miles south of Los Angeles, and midway between the port of San Pedro and Anaheim landing. Alamitos joins Long Beach on the east, and has 10 miles of streets, which are to be neatly graded and lined with trees, and will be abundantly supplied with pure artesian water. An extra quality of pipe clay has been discovered on the townsite, which is now being moulded into pipe that is to be used for conducting water over the town. Three hundred thousand brick are burned and will soon be used to construct a vast reservoir. The facilities for hunting, fishing and boating are abundantly supplied by the New River and its tributaries.

The elevation of Alamitos Beach, giving a commanding view of the ocean, islands, mountains, harbors and towns, together with its beach, which is unrivaled for its bathing and driving facilities, secures it forever a place in the forefront of seaside resorts. Write for agency and maps to

G. W. KILWOOD, Agent,

Long Beach, Cal.

L. SCHMIDT.

W. J. PACKARD.

SCHMIDT & PACKARD,

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

—AND—

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ONTARIO, CUCAMONGA,

ETIWANDA AND SAN FERNANDO

COLONIES, apply to

A. A. STAUNTON, Room 2, Wilson block.

I have some great bargains in the above colonies, which it will pay intending purchasers to investigate.

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—AND—

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Designers, Lithographers, Zincographers, Engravers.

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Every description of Color-printing, Show Cards, Zincograph Work, Box Brands, etc.

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An effective plant of the latest improved machinery and competent artists on the premises.

15 DOWNEY BLOCK,

LOS ANGELES, : : : CALIFORNIA.

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A Superior Wine, made from the California Grape.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

PRICES: Quarts, \$1.50; Pints, \$1. Special terms to the trade.

THE DRY SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE MANUFACTURING CO.,

28 N. Spring st., : : : Los Angeles, Cal.

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HOUSES,

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A. Q. PERKINS, Secretary Board of Trade,

Santa Barbara, Cal.

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The Times.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
ALBERT MCFAULAND,
Vice-President, Treasurer and Business Manager.
W. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

The "Enabling Act"—An Ignorant Criticism Criticized.

When a journal undertakes to criticize a measure of legislation involving constitutional provisions, the editor of such journal ought at least to have previously informed himself that there is such an instrument as the Constitution of the State; and he ought to have first deigned to read that instrument.

The pretentious and preposterous new-fangled editor of the Los Angeles Tribune is much given to writing about things that he knows nothing of. The consequence naturally is that he daily exhibits his dense ignorance to the public in the most smug, complacent and unbecoming manner, to his own evident satisfaction, but to the deep disgust of that portion of the reading populace who follow his hallucinations in print.

The latest exhibition of dense ignorance, false premises laid down, and absurd conclusions drawn by the flutulent Tribune, is in a labored editorial published by it yesterday under the caption of "The Enabling Act," which is the Tribune's misnomer for the substitute for the Crandall Bond Bill that has passed the Legislature.

The sapient founder in the sea of language who perpetrates the verbal rot in question starts out by remarking that "the readers of the Tribune have not been left in doubt as to its opinion of the bill," etc.; but as that journal takes both sides of the question in the most insane and confusing manner, it is extremely difficult for an average clear-headed man to say just what side it is on.

We quote some sentences from this remarkable ebullition of editorial absurdity. The Tribune says:

"The object of the impending law is good, and should not be lost sight of by any public-spirited citizen of Los Angeles until its objects are attained. It is badly marred, and its efficacy threatened, to be neutralized by one of its provisions."

Then follows a silly criticism of the alleged objectionable provision. The Tribune's objections are all based upon its primary blunder, due to ignorance of the Constitution of the State, which governs the manner in which cities may incur indebtedness. It says again:

"It is the foundation principle of our institutions that the majority must rule in all matters that are submitted to a vote either of elected bodies or of the people."

Not when a different course is prescribed by law or constitution. The raising of money and the incurring of indebtedness are frequently made exceptions. In these cases the two-thirds and three-fourths rules are often invoked.

"One part of the community is not according to correct republican or correct democratic theories—so much better than all others that it should require a quarter or a third more voters than a majority to decide any question whatever in which the so-called better class are interested. This un-American principle was by undue influence injected into this bill."

The first assertion is pure demagoguery and the latter is without foundation in fact. If the Tribune knows of any "undue influences" at work in this business, why does it not point them out and name the wielders thereof? The alleged "un-American principle" which it is asserted was "injected into this bill" was a simple requirement of the Constitution of the State of California, without which the bill would have been invalid. But, doubtless, such a simple matter as making a bill conform to the fundamental law of the commonwealth is considered by the owl Tribune as a matter of no consequence.

"It [the principle] was borrowed from governments which are dominated by privileged classes and oligarchs—for a purpose. On the first appearance of the bill it contained the majority principle."

This is false in statement, and the conclusion is equally false. "On the first appearance of the bill" (then known as the Crandall bill) it did not contain the "majority principle"; on the contrary, it specifically provided, in section 3: "It shall require a vote of three-fourths of all voters voting at such special election to authorize the issuance of the bonds herein provided." So much for that assertion of the blundering Tribune.

But, to settle the matter conclusively, and show how hopelessly the Tribune is floundering in the deep mire of dense ignorance touching this matter, let us quote the Constitution itself,

where it bears upon the point at issue. Sec. 18 of Article XI reads:

No county, town, township, board of education or school district shall incur indebtedness or liability in any manner or for any purpose, exceeding in any year the income and revenue provided for it for such year, without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified electors thereof voting at an election to be held for that purpose, or unless, before or at the time of incurring such indebtedness, provision shall be made for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due, and also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof within twenty years from the time of contracting the same. Any indebtedness or liability incurred contrary to this provision shall be void.

"Why," asks this preposterous and 'way-off critic, "and at whose instigation, was that principle eliminated? Clearly it was done for a purpose—what was that purpose?"

These be very mysterious hints, intended to convey the impression that something awful is up. As the alleged "majority principle" was never in the original bill, it could not have been "eliminated." What direful intent, then, could have moved the legislative miscreants who put in the two-thirds requirement? The fell purpose to make the bill conform to the Constitution—nothing less! This is too much!

"We will not venture to name the persons or interests that would prevent the improvement of the bill," says the Tribune. "We may as well admit that we do not know who or what they are."

Just so! Then why these mean insinuations and hints of wrong-doing against the friends of the measure in this city, in other cities, and in the Legislature? For this bill is not for Los Angeles alone; it is not special, but general in its operations, as it must be to be constitutional. It concerns other cities and towns. If the Tribune gang, with their devious ways, could shape the bond legislation for the city, we can have some idea in advance what would become of the funds. This community is "onto" the slippery and "smooth" tactics of that gang.

"But the purpose that some powerful influence had in view in this unfortunate alteration of the bill is as plain as a plank. They proceeded stealthily and worked cunningly."

Well, why don't you point out the dark designs and the stealthy deeds of the conspirators? Why these contemptuous insinuations without any particulars to back them up? Let us have the names of the actors and diagrams and specifications of the work or works they builded. Be done with hints and allures, and give us something manly and tangible, if you are capable of it, which we don't believe.

"An expression of opinion on the part of the public was not asked for, and the work was done at so late a day that an effective protest would have defeated all legislation in this direction."

This statement is not borne out by the facts, if the subject of a charter for this city is referred to. The matter came up in frequent meetings of the City Council, in the "Charter Committee," and elsewhere, and expressions of public opinion were freely invited.

"Is it possible that this matter is not yet understood?"

It appears to be tolerably well understood by everybody except the Tribune expounder.

"Let us explain it in a few words."

The more explanation, the more muddled!

"The peculiar enabling act, under which progressive citizens had hoped through the majority to be allowed to issue the city's bonds and go ahead with some urgently needed improvements, is an enabling act with difficulties."

It presents such difficulties to would-be speculators as the Constitution expressly provides against. It would not be impossible for a corrupt ring, with the aid of a heavy corruption fund, to accomplish a bond-issuing raid on the city treasury, if there was nothing but a majority vote required. It is both a common and a necessary provision in legislative and municipal laws to require more than a majority vote to raise or expend money for public purposes. The doctrine that such provisions are "unrepublican" is new and nonsensical. In other words, it is Tribune doctrine.

"The City Council, as is proper, are to have the initiative, but in a manner now awkward. Three-fourths of its members must vote in the first place to submit the question to the people."

Certainly; that is "straight goods." It requires a two-thirds vote under the present charter to carry certain money measures. The explanatory and suppositious sharp goes on:

"There are fifteen aldermen. The proposal is, say, to issue bonds to the amount of \$1,000,000—it ought to be \$5,000,000—for certain improvements. The bond issue of twelve of its members vote yes, and the proposal begins to get in shape to be voted on by the people. Or, four of its members vote no, and the proposal is then defeated. Four votes are as good as two."

With as much reason it might be urged that under the present charter six votes are as good as ten, because it requires ten to carry certain measures, and six can defeat. This is nonsense. The Tribune founders and drivels. Here are more of its mushy mouthings:

"On what question, and when will probably be the time, that it will not be possible for a powerful moneyed or political interest to control against the wishes of the citizens and the liberality of the City Council barely four votes?"

The "powerful moneyed or political interest" feared by the Tribune would be much more likely to be found on the side of a loose and extravagant issuance of bonds, which, when not surrounded by proper safeguards, afford excellent opportunities for stealing. It is such opportunities that the Tribune does not seem to want to cut off. Why?

"But we will suppose that the body are twelve honest, enterprising men, and that their votes are secure for improvements; what then? Why the Mayor's approval is required, and if that is refused, there is an end for the time being to the scheme. It is a dangerous form of veto that he has. There is no way of overruling it—it is final."

This objection is as absurd as the rest of the Tribune's. The Mayor's ap-

proval is required to all ordinances. The new law makes no strange or unusual requirement in this regard. It would be absurd to forego this condition, which prevails in all municipalities.

"Grant, however, that the Mayor appends to his signature: when all this is accomplished, the question goes to the people. If two-thirds of all the votes cast are for the issuance of bonds, well and good, the bonds will be issued. If one vote more than a third of all the votes cast is against the move, then it falls utterly. It is a shameful putting of the city's greater interests in jeopardy."

Is it? If so, it is law, constitutional law at that. This terrible state of affairs was created by the people themselves when they solemnly, and after prolonged discussion and deliberation, voted to make the Constitution the supreme law of the State. Possibly they made a great blunder; but if so, it must have been because they were deprived of the massive intellect of the then non-resident Betsy, of the Los Angeles Tribune, to enlighten them as to their political duties. Let the populace weep!

After objecting at length, with thick and maudlin logic, to the bill because it does not violate the Constitution and thereby render itself invalid, the alleged able editor of the rumored metropolitan sheet proceeds to perpetrate the crowning act of imbecility by approving the measure, expressing the opinion that, after all, it will "do." Here is his closing contribution of logical alchemy:

"Well, there is after all a chance that the question of bonds or no bonds will be decided in accordance with right and necessity; with these, if there is to be here a struggling, ragged, village-appearing place of few attractions, except those which nature has so grandly given; and that chance, as it is all we can have until another two years have come and gone, we hope Gov. Bartlett will consent to give to our impatiently waiting people. We trust that he will not delay to sign the bill, unsuitable in some respects as we have shown it to be."

As a piece of alleged English, is not that a fearful and wonderful paragraph?

Well, the Governor has signed the bill, the Tribune's objections to the contrary, notwithstanding; and this unrepublican, un-American act, which "shamefully" puts "the city's greater interests in jeopardy," but does not override the supreme law of the commonwealth, the Constitution, has become a law. "Let us have peace," also a little sense from freshly-imported editorial critics, who do not seem to be aware of the fact that we have in California such an instrument as a State Constitution.

Insulting the State Board of Health.

The frantic editorial novice who furnishes the readers of the Tribune with second-hand opinions attempts to lecture the visiting members of the State Board of Health, and succeeds in not only insulting those gentlemen, but every intelligent citizen of this city and the entire State as well.

This loose-mouthed and scattering editor insinuates, in language that cannot be misconstrued, that the members of the board are down in this part of the State, fresh from the hands of legislative bribers, and that they wish to "run down" Southern California, that the Northern Citrus Belt may be benefited! If this narrow-minded bigot knew enough to retire to the coast when Jupiter Pluvius is plying his vocation he would know that the members of the State Board visited this city as State officers. They were only doing their duty, notwithstanding the fact that the Tribune calls them "meddlers" and bribe-takers. It further states that they visited Los Angeles without an invitation. What baby talk! Does a peace officer have to wait for an invitation to go and do his duty? They came here as officers of the law, and stated, on their arrival, that they had no authority to take any steps other than to give advice and consult with the local board. They have done this, and there is not a city official in Los Angeles who can say that any member of the State Board "assumed command," or even attempted such a thing, notwithstanding the fact that Dr. Orme, the president of the board, resides here, and has done so for the past nineteen years.

The Tribune apparently believed, in its weak-minded way, that by attacking the State Board of Health it might make a point and bring a few subscribers to its doors, but it will find that reckless assertion and bad bile, even if they be well mixed, will not bring success to any paper. That paper has needlessly and maliciously made enemies of several members of the board, and if they do Los Angeles an injury, on their return to the north, the people may very justly throw the blame where it properly belongs, on the shoulders of the desperate and senseless concern that deliberately went out of its way, and beyond the pale of justifiable criticism, to insult officers of the State who have by law and courtesy the right to decent treatment at the hands of the people of Los Angeles.

PALISADE, Nevada, has been having a "quake"—three little ones for a cent.

A DISPATCH of interest to fruit-growers is printed this morning.

WE are to have a Hawaiian queen descend upon us p. q.

THE Republicans won in Oakland. So did high license.

ST. PATRICK will arrive in town tomorrow, begorra.

CHARLES LUX, the great cattleman, is dead.

DAN MANNING has sailed for Europe.

ROYALTY COMING.

A Hawaiian Queen to Visit California.

Fire at Claus Spreckels's Sugar Refinery, San Francisco.

Sudden Death of Charles Lux, the Noted Cattle King.

Bills Approved by Gov. Bartlett—A Sweeping Republican Victory in Oakland—Big Land Purchase at Pomona—Another Apache Scurry in Arizona.

By Telegram to The Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—[Special.] Private letters received today from Honolulu by the steamer City of New York, which arrived last night, state that Queen Kapolei will leave Honolulu on the steamer Australia on the 17th inst. for this port. The Queen will be accompanied by a large party, and purposes making an extended tour throughout the United States and Europe. Her Majesty will remain in California for several weeks.

The Royal Hawaiian Band, the same which was here during the Knights Templar Conclave, will accompany the Queen. The party is due here on the 24th inst. Rus.

POMONA.

Big Real-estate Purchase—Horace Bell Hunting Evidence. POMONA, March 15.—[Special.] L. W. Lord purchased \$100,000 worth of real estate, today, on the line of the San Bernardino and Los Angeles Railroad, three miles north of Pomona.

Horace Bell was here on Monday hunting for evidence in one of his libel cases. The citizens thought that he came to shoot the Progress editor on account of the exposed that paper gave his record last week.

SAN FRANCISCO.

A Recalcitrant Attorney Compelled to Answer Questions.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] Judge Murphy this afternoon rendered a decision in the matter of Attorney Deuprey's contempt of the court in refusing to answer a certain question on the witness stand in the Golden case. The question was as follows: "Have you ever received any communication, letters, affidavits, names and addresses from persons purporting to be witnesses in this case, outside of the defendant?" The court, in a long decision, held and decreed that Deuprey had refused to answer the question. Deuprey then took the witness stand and answered the question. The judge thereupon ordered the order citing Deuprey to show cause to be vacated.

This case is a peculiar one. Deuprey, in the first place, accepted a retainer as counsel for the defendant, Golden. He delayed the trial of the case on several occasions, alleging as a reason that he was occupied with cases in other courts. Judge Murphy finally informed him that he must either go on with the case or withdraw from it. On his further refusal to do so, Judge Murphy appointed Messrs. Cook and Campbell as counsel for the defendant. In order to better defend their client, the latter gentlemen wished to obtain all the information from Deuprey that had been communicated to him by the defendant, and cited him as a witness in the case. Deuprey refused to answer the questions put to him, and was held in contempt. Cook and Campbell, counsel for the defendant, repeatedly claimed that the only object they had in eliciting this information from Mr. Deuprey, and which he refused to give, was to save the defendant from being convicted with cases in other courts. 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A CLOSE CALL.

How the Czar Escaped His Father's Fate.

Russian Detectives Warned of the Plot by German Police.

The assassins arrested while awaiting a chance to do their work.

One of the conspirators a woman—Qualifying Reports as to the Actual Occurrences on the Anniversary of the Assassination of Alexander II.

By Telegram to The Times.

St. Petersburg, March 15.—[By Cable.] It is semi-officially stated that on Sunday the police were informed that an attempt might be made on the life of the Czar on that day, it being the anniversary of the assassination of his father. As a result the police arrested near the imperial palace several persons discovered holding dynamite bombs in their hands ready to throw at the Czar as he emerged.

THE BOMB FAILED TO EXPLODE.

PARIS, March 15.—L'Intransigeant, Henri Rochefort's paper, states that several persons have been arrested in St. Petersburg on the charge of engaging in a conspiracy against the life of the Czar, last Sunday. The paper adds that as the Czar was passing along a thoroughfare on his way to attend services in commemoration of the death of his father a bomb was thrown at him, but for some reason it failed to explode, and that the persons arrested were concerned in the assassination plot.

KEEPING IT QUIET.

LONDON, March 15.—The Russian embassy here refused today to give any information respecting the truth or falsity of the report that an attempt on the Czar's life was made last Sunday in St. Petersburg. The paper adds that the Czar was passing along a thoroughfare on his way to attend services in commemoration of the death of his father a bomb was thrown at him, but for some reason it failed to explode, and that the persons arrested were concerned in the assassination plot.

DYNAMITE AND POISONED BULLETS.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Standard says that one of the six students arrested in connection with the plot carried a hollow bomb containing a bottle filled with dynamite and poisoned bullets. Others had parcels and bags containing bombs. The dispatch also says it is alleged that a woman was arrested who had a bomb concealed in her mouth.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times says: "On Sunday the route which was to have been taken by the Czar was crowded with gaily-dressed people. Before the imperial party left the fortress the police telegraphed that they had grave suspicions that violence would be attempted, and advised their majesties to change their route. Accordingly the royal party drove by way of the Neva quay, and took a circuitous route, avoiding the life-threatening area in which the assassin was to make his attack. The Czar and the great Morskala, where the plotters expected the imperial party would slacken its pace upon turning the corner. The would-be assassin shot at the Czar. He refused to reply to any questions.

THE CZAR WEEPS.

The Czar cried on hearing of the danger which he had escaped. He did not learn the particulars until he arrived at the Gatchina Palace. The persons arrested in connection with the constitutional plot indignantly deny that they were in any way connected with the outrage, and repudiate any idea of conspiracy. Their motto, they say, is "The people, with the Czar or against the Czar." They have published a libelous pamphlet, composed mainly of extracts from the works of notable writers on constitutional law and political economy. The pamphlet is signed by the names of the Czar's subjects, and is intended to subvert the existing government and establish a constitutional monarchy.

DETAILS OF THE ATTEMPT.

LONDON, March 15.—The Russian Embassy in London has received dispatches confirming the report of the discovery of a plot to assassinate the Czar and the arrest of the ring-leaders. These dispatches say that no actual attempt was made to kill the Czar, as the plot had been discovered before he left the palace. The British Government has received against the same effect from Sir R. D. Morier, British Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily News says: "While the Czar was returning from the regular services in the cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul, a bomb attached to a cord was thrown in his direction. The intention was to frighten the Czar, which was connected with the mechanism, and thus explode the bomb. But before it could be executed, the criminal and his suspected accomplice were seized. It was found that they had been in a lodging-house in the suburbs of the city. The police visited this house, and discovered there a quantity of explosives and a number of revolutionary pamphlets. Over two hundred persons have been arrested in connection with the affair, and domiciliary visits are being made throughout the city. The German police had warned the Russian authorities that an attempt was to be made against the Czar's life, but the latter failed to trace the plotters.

A telegram from Vienna confirms the News's dispatch, and says that the bomb was thrown under the Czar's carriage, and that it was shaped like a book, so that it could be carried in the hand without exciting suspicion.

FOREIGN NOTES.

A Correspondent's Gloomy View of the European Situation.

New York, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] The Post's London special says: "The public are badly informed here of the preparations of Austria and Germany for immediate war. A correspondent, just arrived from Cracow, informs me that 10,000 men are engaged night and day in fortifying that place. Austria's preparations for war are herculean, but late, Germany, on the other hand, is prepared to start a campaign tomorrow. Army contracts are signed, officers have sealed marching orders, and the expectation of immediate war is almost universal. Her state of readiness is perfect, with not a gaiter-button wanting to the equipment of the army. Business is completely suspended. Commercial relations have been so much disturbed that opinion favors an immediate release from the tension. In Germany, notwithstanding the rumors of a probable violation of Belgian territory, the feeling is that the campaign will be conducted as in 1870, on the Alsace-Lorraine frontier. France is not so ready for war as Germany will be. It is thoroughly understood that if war breaks out in the west of Europe it will be begun by Germany for tactical and diplomatic reasons, to neutralize France in the event of an Austro-Russian conflict."

DE LESEPS SAYS THERE WILL BE NO WAR.

PARIS, March 15.—A large number of intimate friends of Count De Lesseps met

him at the railway station on his return from Berlin last night. In an interview he expressed the greatest pleasure at the kind reception accorded him by everybody in Berlin. As a result of the conversation he had with Emperor William and Bismarck, he said he could affirm that there would be no war. The Emperor told him on Sunday that Germany would never attack France. The Empress asked him to leave his plan of the Panama Canal with her. Prince Bismarck spoke highly of De Lesseps, French Ambassador to Berlin, who, the Prince says, is making himself liked by everyone.

DEATH OF A PAINTER.

LONDON, March 15.—The death is announced of Gustave Achille Gullamel, French painter. He was 47 years of age.

NATIONAL NOTES.

Work on the New Cruisers to Be Resumed at Once.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] Secretary Whitney today informed Chief of Construction William Wilson that the Navy Department had been informed by the Attorney-General that the available balance of the general appropriation, under the respective heads of Bureau of Construction and Repairs and Bureau of Steam Engineering, can be lawfully applied and used in completing the hulls and machinery of the cruisers Chicago, Boston and Atlanta, provided that the total expenditure shall not exceed the total estimates of the hulls and machinery as reported by the Naval Advisory Board. Work on the vessels will be resumed at once.

GARFIELD'S STATUE.

The eighteenth annual reunion of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland will be held on the 11th and 12th of May. The principal feature of the reunion this year will be the unveiling of the statue of Garfield in the circle at the junction of Maryland avenue and First street. The cost of the statue, which is the work of J. Q. A. Ward, the sculptor, was met by contributions from the Army of the Cumberland, and Congress appropriated \$30,000 for the pedestal. It is estimated that 5000 members of the society will be present, many of them accompanied by ladies.

REPROVED RESIGNATION OF ENDICOTT.

CHICAGO, March 15.—The News-Washington correspondent says: "I am told that the resignation of Secretary Endicott has been tendered to the President and will be accepted."

CALIFORNIA POSTMASTERS.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The following fourth-class postmasters have been commissioned for California: Bertha Raymond, Corvallis Station, Contra Costa county, vice Charles P. Tyndall, resigned; Portney P. Tapscott, Princeton, Colusa county, vice Nelson Butler, resigned.

THE EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

In the education convention which is in progress here, City Superintendent F. S. Campbell, of Oakland, spoke of public education on the Pacific Coast. He dwelt at some length on night schools and their advantage, and paid attention to the needs of the large class which they met. In the early days of the settlement of the west, he said, the East was, as a matter of course, far ahead of the West in its facilities and its system of education, but he felt today that the West had profited by the example of the East in reaching out for the very best educational facilities possible. An interesting discussion followed, led by S. Waterman, of Stockton, Cal., and J. P. Fogg, of Eureka, Nev.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Important Extensions of the Road to Be Made.

New York, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] At a meeting of the Northern Pacific directors on Thursday a proposition will be submitted to them to build a line of railroad from Astoria to Portland, a distance of 214 miles, paralleling the Oregon Railway and Navigation road, thereby giving the Northern Pacific Railroad two western termini, one at Portland, for the Oregon trade, and the other at Tacoma, for the through business. The Northern Pacific has a right to build a line through the Columbia River valley, and it has a land grant of 30,000 acres per mile in Washington Territory and 20,000 per mile in Oregon. This land grant includes over 500,000 acres. It is stated that a syndicate of Chicago capitalists has offered to grade the road, build the masonry and bridges, and lay ties, for the land grant. A motion will be made at the directors' meeting that a committee be appointed, with authority, to confer with the Chicago people, and if they constructed it will not interfere with the completion of the Cascade division through to Tacoma. The directors will probably authorize the construction of four main roads in Idaho and Montana running to the mining districts.

WOULD BE A TRAMP.

A New York Boy's Singular Ambition Comes to Grief.

New York, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] Albert Parr, sixteen years old, a messenger boy employed by the Wall-street firm of Briggs & Winter, was taken with a desire to become a tramp, a few days ago. Accordingly when he was sent to a bank on Monday, with \$39,650 in checks and some cash to deposit, he did not go to the bank, but started out on his travels. He got as far as Williamsburg, when he met some tramps of the real kind. They spent all the cash Parr had, and they discovered that they could not cash the checks. The boy accordingly tore the checks into small pieces and threw them away. He and his companions have been arrested, and the Wall-street firm is trying to get duplicates of the checks.

Manning Sails for Europe.

New York, March 15.—Secretary Daniel Manning this morning accompanied by his wife and daughter. Mr. Manning said that the journey was taken in the hope that the tone of sea air would benefit him. He was feeling strong, and the cold he caught in Washington had almost entirely left him. His old complaint has not troubled him for some months. C. N. Jordan also sailed on the steamer.

The Ocean Racers.

NEW YORK, March 15.—Pilot Yates, of pilot boat No. 1, which came in here this morning, reports that he saw the schooner Coronet and Dauntless passing Fire Island on the evening of Saturday last, and that the Coronet was then a mile and a half ahead. He had no doubt whatever as to their relative positions.

Santa Barbara Illuminated.

SANTA BARBARA, March 15.—Tonight marks a new epoch in the history of Santa Barbara. For the first time the city is enjoying the benefits of the electric light. The city is brilliantly lighted by seventeen lights of 2000 candle-power each. Great crowds are thronging the streets, witnessing the innovation.

To Convert the Indians.

WINNIPEG, March 15.—Commander Combs, of the Salvation Army, has arrived here, en route to the Pacific Coast. Combs says it is proposed to commence work among the Indians in the northwest next summer. Some of the best officers of the army, male and female, have volunteered for this service.

A Fatigued Community.

[Arizona Citizen.]

Any steady reader of the Los Angeles newspapers will admit that the perpetrator of the Porcupine has become something of a chestnut bell.

TRAVEL'S TERRORS.

An Accident on the Northern Pacific Road.

A Train Wrecked Through the Carelessness of Its Engineer.

Further Accounts of the Fearful Calamity near Boston.

Workmen Still Enraged at the Cause of the Disaster—Defects in the Bridge the Cause of Wholesale Loss of Human Life—An Expert's Opinion.

By Telegram to The Times.

WHEATLAND (Dak.), March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] A disastrous accident occurred on the Northern Pacific, about one and a half miles west of here, at 5:30 on the morning of Saturday the 13th. A passenger train was running along on time, though not at full speed, having stopped at Wheatland and not yet having got fairly under way. To the westward stretched thirty miles of level track on the prairie. The passengers, who were mostly asleep, were awakened by a sudden jolt that stopped the train. Rushing out, they found that their train had run square into a freight train coming east. Both engines were totally wrecked, and the freight train, running at high speed, was terribly damaged. The passenger train was wrecked with comparatively small injury. Eight box-cars were piled up on two locomotives in a crushed and splintered wreck. Engineer Ryan, fireman Snyder and a brakeman had been sitting in the cab of the engine, totally forgetful of their orders to look out for the passenger train, and utterly unconscious of its approach. The fireman was found buried almost out of sight by coal in the tender, and crushed against the hot steaming boiler, where he was bruised, burned and scalded to death. The engineer was still in the engine, but he was badly injured, with his dying breath, "I am to blame for the accident." The brakeman was also badly mutilated, but was still alive when sent from the scene of the wreck to the hospital at Brainerd. It is not probable that he can recover. Conductor Lowery, of the freight train, was arrested and put in jail at Wheatland. The engineer and fireman of the passenger train jumped to save themselves, and no one on that train was injured.

THE BOSTON DISASTER.

Further Accounts of the Railway Wreck Near Bussey Park.

BOSTON, March 15.—[By the Associated Press.] All night long a force of laborers was engaged in clearing up the debris of the wrecked cars at the scene of the bridge disaster. It was slow work, and but little headway was made, yet the men worked hard, and when the light of morning was sufficient for a continuation of the work without artificial light, the work progressed more rapidly. Ropes were stretched around the scene, and all persons who were not actively engaged in clearing the wreck were forced to keep outside the line. A large force was put at work in taking the broken bridge apart. The baggage-car and one of the rear cars of the train had been completely demolished, and all that marks the spot where these two cars were at the base of the embankment is a heap of kindling-wood. The wreck is a more appalling sight than the recent ruins at White River Junction, and this points strongly to the fact that the train was running at a speed of fully twenty-five miles an hour. The forward cars, which lie on the embankment and roadway, remain in the same position as when they fell. There were undoubtedly nine cars that fell outside the line, and some of them are to be found. But the remains of the cars are in such a state of demolition that it is impossible to discern whether they were two cars or one. This was caused by the fall down the embankment. Consequently rumors have prevailed that there were but eight cars in the train.

The general manager of the road declares that he keeps outside the line, and that the road, despite contrary rumors, Prof. Swain, of the Institute of Technology, who made an examination of the wrecked bridge, has discovered what he considers the cause of the accident. He thinks there were serious defects in some portions of the bridge, not only in material but in manner of construction.

Killed in a Mine.

TOMBSTONE (Ariz.), March 15.—Thomas Martin, a miner in the Silver Thread mine, met with a serious and probably fatal accident this evening by the cage falling on him. The drop was 30 feet and the cage fell for some time before it stopped. It is not known what caused the falling of the cage. Many blame the engineer.

No Mails at Victoria, B. C.

VICTORIA (B. C.), March 15.—The Eastern mails have been received at Victoria since the middle of February, owing to the railway blockades. Reliable authorities say that four days' mail will arrive at Port Moody on Wednesday. It is not conjectured when any more will go through.

The Indians Must Walk.

BENSON (Ariz.), March 15.—Orders have been issued to all the conductors of the Southern Pacific Railway in this Territory prohibiting Indians from riding on the trains. The reason for this order is to prevent the spread of smallpox.

A Postmaster Dead.

SALT LAKE, March 15.—Salt Lake's Postmaster, W. C. Brown, died this morning, after an illness of about three weeks. The cause was typhoid poisoning. Numerous applications have been already forwarded for the position.

An Earthquake.

PALISADE (Nev.), March 15.—Three slight shocks of earthquake were felt here last night between 10 and 11 o'clock.

Preaching a Sermon in a Sewer.

[London Times.]

"One has heard of sermons in all sorts of out-of-the-way places, not to speak of the sermons in stones of which we have all read, but who before ever heard of a sermon in a sewer? When the great main drainage system of the metropolis was opened, the then Board of Works, with their trusts, dined and lunched in the main outfall sewer, into which, fortunately, no one turned on the sewage to spoil the feast; but it has been reserved to Rev. Marcus Rainsford, an energetic evangelical curate of North London, to literally go down into the sewers to hold a service. The Board of Works are constructing a new sewer down the Holloway road, and a portion of the works are in the parish of Mr. Rainsford, whose curate Mr. Rainsford is, and in order to provide for their spiritual welfare this service was held inside the new sewer the other night."

A Fatigued Community.

[Arizona Citizen.]

Any steady reader of the Los Angeles newspapers will admit that the perpetrator of the Porcupine has become something of a chestnut bell.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Arrest of several of Chicago's gang of hoodlums... Fire at Glass Sprinkler sugar refinery... Grand Lodge, Knights of Honor in session at San Francisco... The Oakland election... Important bills approved by Gov. Bartlett... Attorney Denney purged of contempt... More rumors about the Baltimore and Ohio... Work on the new cruisers to be resumed... The Garfield statue at Washington... Reported resignation of Secretary Endicott... Death of Charles Lux... Large fire at Buffalo... Earthquake in Nevada... The collapse of a Chinese bank causes a riot at Foochow... Manning sails for Europe... New plan of California Fruit Union... News of the ocean yacht race... Proposed extension of Northern Pacific... The Salvation Army to labor with Indians in the Northwest... A New York boy steals his employer's cash and joins a gang of tramps... De Lesseps says there will be no war... California postmasters appointed... Big real estate sale at Pomona... Electric lights at Santa Barbara... The railway wreck near Boston... The recent attempt to assassinate the Czar... Educational convention at Washington... San Luis Obispo progressing... More war rumors from Europe... Los Gatos murderer convicted... Salt Lake's postmaster dead... Canada preparing to protect her fisheries... Apache Indians reported off their reservation.

Give Him a Pension, of Course.

[Albuquerque Democrat.]

There used to be a story about a Pennsylvania man, who when local bounties were ranging high, decided to see himself for a substitute, but when he arrived at the depot to take the train he found that there had been a collision, the train was off the track, and he went home again. He has not yet decided whether he will use the railroad company for the loss of his bounty or apply for a pension. We advise the latter course; the committee of either house of Congress will gladly give him the pension roll if he has a vote. But Cleveland will veto it.

"Yellow Luncheon."

A "yellow luncheon" was given in Philadelphia the other afternoon. The room was hung with yellow draperies, and ornamented with yellow vases and other bric-a-brac of the same color. The table was covered with yellow plush, the tableware was yellow, the flowers yellow, and even the viands served, especially the dessert, were yellow, the creams and fruit being of that color. Each lady received a little yellow souvenir. Sunflower Oscar would have been delighted by the display.

A Greenback Tells an Old Story.

[Eastern Free Press.]

A five-dollar greenback appeared in the till of a New Jersey bank the other day bearing the following inscription: "Here she goes—save your salary—don't gamble—never play faro bank—the last of a fortune of \$10,000."

Real Estate.

THE CALIFORNIA CO-OPERATIVE COLONY.

Incorporated under the laws of California, is established on a firm business basis, its objects being to buy, improve and sell land on cooperative plan, enable persons of moderate means to acquire homes at a minimum cost, and to build up and operate a model colony.

In some good location in this State. The books are now open for subscriptions to shares. The capital stock of the company is \$100,000, divided into 10,000 shares, the par value of each share being \$10.00. The first 300 subscribers obtain advantages over those who subscribe in any subsequent series of shares; \$11 paid now secures a membership in the first series. Each share held by one of the founders is upon a basis of 50 per cent. of the original cost of the Colony tract. One person can hold only one share.

A competent committee is now examining various sites which have been offered to the colony, and a selection will be made as soon as the best location is found. Applications by mail for stock subscriptions and for copies of the bylaws or other information should be addressed to the "CALIFORNIA CO-OPERATIVE COLONY," P. O. Box 56, Los Angeles, Cal. Temporary office, Room 56, Baker building.

RALPH E. HOYT, President.

First National Bank, Treasurer.

Directors: George Rice, John Robinson, N. Earl, A. Atwater, O. H. Violet, C. L. Strong, A. G. Cook, M. D., Ralph E. Hoyt, C. L. Goodwin, Alvan D. Brock.

Unclassified.

ELECTRO-MAGNETISM.

THE NEW MEANS OF CURE—DR. R. B. ROBINSON'S Electro-Magnetic Institute, corner of First and Spring streets (entrance on First street), is now fitted up, at considerable expense, with everything that is necessary to cure chronic and so-called incurable diseases by the most electrical apparatus in the world. Turkish and Russian baths; also Electric Sulphur and Eucalyptus baths; Dr. Robinson has had several years' experience in the Australian Colonies, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Denver, and four years in Los Angeles, and hundreds of local citizens can testify to the wonderful effects of electricity in curing cases of chronic diseases when all else had failed. He desires all persons suffering should try this new remedy before abandoning all hope. After every medical treatment the patients are given the Massage treatment by persons of their own sex.

The Doctor diagnoses diseases without explanation of the patient's history, free of charge. His office hours are 9 till 12, 1 to 5, 7 to 9.

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Parties wishing to buy or sell a business that will bear a thorough investigation are requested to call upon us, as we have special facilities for such transactions. To make our purchase and sale of all kinds of personal property we give our close attention. A list of the business always on hand for sale to a general brokerage business. All business entrusted to us will be transacted with promptness and dispatch.

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Room 9, over People's Store, Los Angeles, Cal.

DIRECTOR OF LOS ANGELES AND VICINITY.

COMPILED BY W. H. L. CORRIAN,

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Real Estate.

MONDONVILLE.

This Beautiful Tract,

BET. WASHINGTON & ADAMS STS.,

HAS JUST BEEN SUBDIVIDED INTO

284 Splendid Residence Lots!

—LOCATED IN THE—

SOUTH WESTERN

SUBURBS!

On a plateau overlooking the surrounding country in every direction. It possesses the advantages of a pure and light air, constantly refreshed by a healthful and

INVIGORATING SEA-BREEZE.

MONDONVILLE!

It is today the center of the most promising locality, as the majority of the fashionable and successful tracts sold lately have been in this direction. The electric and a cable road, together with the two-horse car line, are rapidly stretching out in this direction, which is the main highway to Santa Monica and the new Harbor at Balboa. Forty thousand vines and fruit trees are on this tract. Streets are lined with ornamental and shade trees.

WATER

Will be Piped in Front of Each Lot.

THREE LOTS RESERVED

For Public School and Church.

TITLE ABSOLUTELY PERFECT.

Price of Lots, \$275 each, on easy payments, viz: \$50 and \$20 per month, WITHOUT INTEREST.

An elegant three-seated wagon leaves the office daily at 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. In addition to this, a conveyance will meet visitors at the terminus of the electric railroad.

For free ride, maps and information apply to

C. MONDON,

Rooms 1 & 4 (upstairs), P. O. Building,

SPRING STREET.

NOTHING SURPRISING.

I handle only my own property, and offer the following, knowing well that

for years the sellers have been losers:

\$2000 per acre—3 acres on railroad, adapted for any business requiring side-track.

\$30 per acre—360 acres of foothill land, the best and highest priced fruit and vegetable land; two water rights go with the land.

\$1000—Fenced lot, 70x125, on Ocean View ave.; very desirable in views, size and position.

\$300 per acre—80 acres in the extension of Seventh st.; a promising investment, because of the rapid development in this part of the city.

\$450 per acre—17 1/2 acres on Ostrich Farm motor road; has the advantages of magnificent views, city water, communication, easy ascent, and will cut up without waste.

\$25 per foot—210 feet on Third st., running through to Huber st., half a mile from business center.

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MRS. M. MINARD SUPPLE,

The Leading Dressmaker of Los Angeles, formerly cutter and alter in the Parisian Suit House, Chicago. TAILOR WORK A SPECIALTY. Mourning wear on short notice. City of Paris Dressmaking Parlors, 109 North Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal. Telephone 498.

Real Estate.

"There is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune." Buy real estate through

The Los Angeles Real Estate Co., 25 Temple Street.

San Joaquin Valley, 1200 acres fine land, all level, only \$12.50 per acre; adjoins railroad; admirable for colony or town.

Magnificent hill-top; a princely villa site; magnificent view; two miles from postoffice. Main st., large new house, 124 feet front, cheap.

Near depot, some special bargains; very easy terms.

Eleventh st., just off Figueroa st., 5 large-roomed house in beautiful large orange grove, 60x120; corner; \$8750; a home for some one.

Diamond st., near the Belmont; corner and two lots; only \$1500 for all.

Belmont ave., finely built cottage, only \$3500; extraordinary bargain.

Williamson tract; several lots; near Pico st., \$175 each; one-third more asked.

Huron st., between Main and Charity, \$700; only \$250 cash; dirt is dearer than this lot.

Ellis Villa tract; several fine lots, with view, at \$450 to \$575 each.

Temple st., several good houses and lots at reasonable figures.

Ninth st., 100 feet from Pearl; lot 50x75x135, \$1800; only \$500 down.

Figueroa st., west side, corner, 2 acres, house of 9 rooms, improved grounds, \$15,000; cheap.

First st., near Los Angeles, 44 feet, 875 per front foot.

Hill st., between Eleventh and Twelfth sts., 50x165, \$2000.

On the hill, near Temple-st. terminus, two commanding lots, \$1000 for both.

Montreal st., pretty cottage, 40x120, \$2000.

Olive st., 120 ft., \$100 front foot; very cheap.

Main st., corner, west side, 115 ft., \$2500.

Walnut ave., house, oranges, \$2500; \$1250.

Lick tract, five fine buys.

Longstreet place, fine lots, reasonable figures.

Bonnie Brax tract, several fine lots, low.

Azuza, 180 acres, water right, \$50 per acre.

One of the finest-situated houses in town, with two large lots, \$6500; 1/4 cash.

OTHER BARGAINS in all parts of the city and country. Please call.

WANTED—Several outlying pieces of 10 to 500 acres

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Cam Grano Salis.

LOS ANGELES, March 15.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES.] In view of the presence and action in our midst of members of the State Board of Health, and their efforts to produce the impression for the necessity of such presence, permit me to revert to one fact, which some unbiased persons may consider to be in point: In the early '70s (after the subsidence of the small-pox epidemic in San Francisco in 1888), the feelings of the populace were harrowed by the stinging statement in the daily press, and ghastly cartoons in the weeklies, that in the pesthouse there—Dr. R. Beverley Cole being resident physician—at the dawn of day the dead bodies of the patients were found upon the floor. It, in the gloom of darkness, and afflicted to madness with the dread scourge, the spirits of women and men, good and true, were then wafted from this world to another through what the books call "criminal negligence" on the part of officials, can we wonder if the cold advice now unnecessarily volunteered by some of the members of the honorable board should be received with *grano salis*?

What Work Is.

I was riding up town in a Third Avenue car the other day when a butcher's boy, a lad some 14 years of age, in a hickory shirt and with a battered derby hat on the back of his head, stepped airily upon the back platform and hung his basket on the handle of the brake. He had sandy hair cut close to his head. He was very much freckled, his eyes were pale blue, but keen in their expression, and his nose was of the genus pug. He was smoking a cigarette. For some time he shared the privileges of the platform alone with the conductor, who began talking with the boy about the wrongs of the conductors and their right to strike.

"What are you givin' us?" said the boy, "yer call it hard work to stand out here on the platform and yank a bell? When you ain't doing that, you are inside taking fares, and knockin' 'em down, too. That ain't no work. Jest you begin at 4 o'clock in the morning, like me. Open the shop, sweep it out, clean ice-cold fish out of the refrigerator, and never get no chance to warm yourself; then lug big baskets of meat up to the top flats all day long, and be cussed by the boss because you don't move round faster. That's work. You fellows have to cover a year, you have. You can't talk to me. I ain't no green horn." And he jumped off the car and went down the street whistling "The flowers that bloom in the spring."

Vanderbilt's Shaving Cup.

As I climbed into the barber's chair of an uptown hotel one morning recently, my eye fell upon a china cup bearing in bold gothic letters this name, "William H. Vanderbilt." It was a cheap-looking dish. Other cups surrounding it were ornate in gilt, while this was only its modest black letters.

"Mr. Vanderbilt bought that cup here several years ago," said my communicative knight of the razor and latherbrush, "but it has not been used for a long time. For over a year before he died he was shaved at his home every morning. It took a good while, though, for him to consent to give up coming to the barber's shop. His tastes in this matter proved that he had a good deal of democracy in his nature. He hated to have a barber coming to his house every day, he said; it looked as though he were trying to put on airs or was too feeble to walk out. Mr. Vanderbilt was not always on the double-check, like most other rich men, and I really believe he liked to take his chance in a barber's shop; and he never complained because he happened to have to wait. 'A barber's shop,' he told me once, 'was the best place in the world to study human nature.'"

Orange Trees.

Choose Washington Navel and other varieties for sale by Phillips & White, 134 N. Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

C. E. DONAHUE,

Removed to Callaghan block, Spring and Third.

Every well-dressed man should wear Eagle's perfect-fitting shirt, collars, cuffs and neckwear.

Kim Lung, Chinese and Japanese fancy goods, 221 First street. P. O. box 48.

Shirts made to order at Eagle's and Co.'s, 50 North Spring street.

Drink Jackson's Napa Soda for the kidneys.

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E. A. CLARKE, M.D., OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

DR. GEORGE H. BEACH, HOMEOPATH, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

JULIA F. BUTTON, M.D., OFFICE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

Specialists.

FOR TWO WEEKS MORE ONLY, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

DR. WONG HIM, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

CLAIRVOYANT—FORTUNE-TELLER, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

MRS. PARKER, INDEPENDENT, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

DR. WONG, THE WELL-KNOWN AND PRACTICED CHINESE PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

SEARCHERS OF TITLES, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

GALLOWAY & CHASE, EXAMINERS OF TITLES AND CONVEYANCES, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

RUSSELL, POOR & RANEY, ABSTRACT AND LAW OFFICE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

WOOD CARVER, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

M. STAHL, ARCHITECTURAL, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

DENTISTS.

DR. L. W. WELLS, DENTIST, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CUT RATES AT 230 N. MAIN ST., 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

MRS. M. HERBERT, FASHIONABLE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

HIGH PRICES PAID FOR CAST-OFF, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

NOTICE TO LADIES, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

V. J. ROWAN, SURVEYOR, FORMERLY OF THE CITY SURVEYOR'S OFFICE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

M. S. BAKER & CO.'S MACHINERY, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

BEAUTIFUL SIERRA MADRE, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

FOR SALE AT A GREAT BARGAIN, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

FAR BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN ANY PROPERTY, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

WOOD AND COAL, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

AUSTRALIAN COAL, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

HAY, GRAIN, WOOD AND COAL, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

STANBURY BROS. & HARVEY, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

F. C. ANDERSON, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

REAL ESTATE AND LOAN AGENT, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

MAKES A SPECIALTY OF CARING FOR CITY PROPERTY, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

COLLECTS RENT AND DRAWING LEGAL PAPERS, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

LOTS, HOUSES AND LOTS, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

AND RANCHES FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

FIRST-CLASS REFERENCES GIVEN, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

LOS ANGELES, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

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LOS ANGELES, 1000 Temple street, Los Angeles.

Real Estate.

H. H. WILCOX.

SPECIAL LIST.

No. 100-100 acres on Washington st., a short distance from the new street car line, now being laid; house of 6 rooms; well furnished and back; small, bar, 300 bearing apple and peach trees, 70 orange trees, 2 acres vineyard and a variety of small fruits; place is well fenced, well improved and among the best of the kind for a home in the country.

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BUSINESS.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER,
LOS ANGELES, Tuesday, March 15.
There were no changes in quotations at the Produce Exchange today.

The Mark Lane Express, in its review of the British grain trade during the past week, says:

"The supplies of native wheat are sparing. Trade in the provinces is firm, and prices have advanced 6d. to 1s. The sales of English wheat during the week were 42,443 quarters, at 32s. 7d. against 34,428 quarters, at 32s. 6d., during the corresponding period last year. Flour is steady, notwithstanding large foreign arrivals. Foreign wheat is steady and quiet. American Red Winter is 6d. better. Foreign Flour is steady. Corn is regular. Mixed American is scarce and tending upward. Oats are dull. Linseed has declined 3d. Four cargoes of wheat arrived; one was sold and four (all California) remained. At today's market, wheat was quiet and unchanged. Flour was in large supply and weaker. Oats were 6d. cheaper."

Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to the Times, March 15.—Money on call, easy at 3 1/2%; closed at 3 1/2%. Prime mercantile paper, 5 1/2% to 6%. Steadily exchange, unsettled and weak at 4 1/2% for 60-day bills, 4 1/2% demand. Government bonds were dull and rather heavy.

The stock market was firmer today, but with the exception of a few minutes in the early morning, presented a better front, and, for the most part, the losses of yesterday were generally recovered. The opening this morning was firm, the first prices of the leading stocks being from 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. above the final figures of last evening, while Hocking Valley was up 3/4 per cent. Hammering by bears and extraordinary weakness in West Point, which dropped 1 1/2 per cent., carried the general list down, and the gains of the opening were generally wiped out. A rally, quickly followed, however, and before the end of the first hour of the rally, the losses were regained. After that time the market became dull, with very slight fluctuations, though the changes were invariably in the direction of higher prices until 3 p.m., when the market sagged slightly. The last hour saw a renewal of the upward movement, however, and the close was moderately active and strong at the highest prices of the day.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, March 15.—Money on call, easy at 3 1/2%; closed at 3 1/2%. Prime mercantile paper, 5 1/2% to 6%. Steadily exchange, unsettled and weak at 4 1/2% for 60-day bills, 4 1/2% demand. Government bonds were dull and rather heavy.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

San Francisco, March 15.—Best & Belcher, 10 3/4; Potomac, 10 1/2; Chollar, 10 1/2; Consolidated, 10 1/2; United States, 10 1/2; N. P. preferred, 10 1/2; United States, 10 1/2; Northwestern, 10 1/2; N. Y. Central, 10 1/2; Western Union, 10 1/2.

The Grain Markets.

San Francisco, March 15.—Wheat: Strong; shipping, \$1.50; local, \$1.45; firm; feed, \$1.40; California, \$1.45; white, \$1.45; red, \$1.40; yellow, \$1.40; white, \$1.40; red, \$1.40; yellow, \$1.40.

Petroleum.

New York, March 15.—Petroleum: The market was extremely dull. It opened at 60¢; highest, 60¢; lowest, 60¢; closed at 60¢. Sales, 50,000 bbls.

Pork.

Chicago, March 15.—Pork: Firm; cash, \$20.00; May, \$20.00.

Los Angeles Produce Market.

The following is the official record of the Los Angeles Produce Market, conducted daily. In the quotations, unless otherwise stated, it is to be understood that the first figure is the highest bid and the last the lowest price asked. These quotations are for round lots from first hands; for small lots out of store higher prices are asked.

WHEAT—By No. 1, \$1.50 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 2, \$1.45 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 3, \$1.40 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 4, \$1.35 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 5, \$1.30 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 6, \$1.25 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 7, \$1.20 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 8, \$1.15 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 9, \$1.10 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 10, \$1.05 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 11, \$1.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 12, \$0.95 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 13, \$0.90 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 14, \$0.85 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 15, \$0.80 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 16, \$0.75 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 17, \$0.70 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 18, \$0.65 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 19, \$0.60 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 20, \$0.55 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 21, \$0.50 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 22, \$0.45 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 23, \$0.40 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 24, \$0.35 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 25, \$0.30 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 26, \$0.25 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 27, \$0.20 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 28, \$0.15 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 29, \$0.10 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 30, \$0.05 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 31, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 32, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 33, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 34, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 35, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 36, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 37, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 38, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 39, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 40, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 41, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 42, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 43, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 44, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 45, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 46, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 47, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 48, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 49, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 50, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 51, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 52, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 53, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 54, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 55, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 56, \$0.00 asked.

WHEAT—By No. 57, \$0.00 asked.

FARMERS AND MERCHANTS' BANK.

ESTABLISHED IN 1884.
Capital, \$100,000.
Surplus and Reserve Fund, \$50,000.
Total, \$150,000.

ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
J. E. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILLER, Secretary.
ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
J. E. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILLER, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

OF LOS ANGELES.
CAPITAL STOCK, \$100,000.
SURPLUS, \$50,000.
Total, \$150,000.

R. F. SPENCE, President.
J. F. CRANK, Vice-President.
J. M. ELLIOTT, Cashier.
J. D. BICKNELL, J. F. CRANK, J. M. ELLIOTT, R. F. SPENCE, J. M. ELLIOTT, J. F. CRANK, J. D. BICKNELL, R. F. SPENCE, J. M. ELLIOTT.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
No. 54 North Main st., Los Angeles.
CAPITAL, \$100,000.
SURPLUS, \$50,000.
Total, \$150,000.

W. G. COCHRAN, President.
Col. H. H. MARKHAM, Vice-President.
J. M. ELLIOTT, Cashier.
J. D. BICKNELL, J. F. CRANK, J. M. ELLIOTT, R. F. SPENCE, J. M. ELLIOTT, J. F. CRANK, J. D. BICKNELL, R. F. SPENCE, J. M. ELLIOTT.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NATIONAL BANK.

PAID IN CAPITAL, \$100,000.
MADEAU BLOCK.
L. N. BREED, President.
H. T. NEWELL, Vice-President.
J. F. CRANK, Cashier.

ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
J. E. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILLER, Secretary.
ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
J. E. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILLER, Secretary.

LOS ANGELES SAVINGS BANK.

Capital, \$100,000.
President, L. C. GOODWIN.
Secretary, J. V. WACHTEL.
ISAIAH W. HELLMAN, President.
J. E. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN MILLER, Secretary.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY BANK.

Main st., Los Angeles, Cal.
CAPITAL STOCK (Paid Up), \$100,000.
RESERVE FUND, \$100,000.
JOHN E. PLATER, President.
R. B. BAKER, Vice-President.
GEO. H. STEWART, Cashier.

H. L. MACNEIL, President.
R. B. BAKER, Vice-President.
GEO. H. STEWART, Cashier.
JOHN E. PLATER, President.
R. B. BAKER, Vice-President.
GEO. H. STEWART, Cashier.

W. R. BLACKMAN, EXPERT ACCOUNTANT.

Office, 117 North Main st., Los Angeles.
CAPITAL, \$100,000.
EXPENSE, \$100,000.
RESERVE, \$100,000.

RED CLOVER.

NEEDHAM'S Red Clover.
This is a new and improved variety of Red Clover, and is well adapted for the production of hay and for the improvement of the soil.

THE NEW PARAGON.

SCHOOL DESK!
The Best in the World.
The undersigned have this day been appointed Sole Agents for Southern California for the sale of the Paragon School Furniture, and are now prepared to quote LOWEST PRICES to all requiring a FIRST-CLASS SCHOOL DESK.

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Highland Park Water Company, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company, room 8, Moore building, Court st., Los Angeles, at 2 o'clock p.m., Monday, April 4, 1887.

PACIFIC TRUCK & TRANSFER CO.

RAMBUSH & OFF.
Freight of all kinds delivered to all parts of the city and country. Piano, furniture and safe moving a specialty. Telephone, 422. Office, 909 Market street, corner Spring. All bills of lading left at our office will receive prompt attention.

ST. DAVID'S.

715 HOWARD ST., NEAR THIRD, SAN FRANCISCO.
200 GOOD ROOMS AT LOW RATES. GAS and water in each room; reading-room and bath free; linen changed daily; house open all night; best beds in the world.

KENSINGTON ART ROOM.

STAMPING, DESIGNING, PAPER TINTING.
MRS. E. L. WITTE, No. 33 South Spring street.

Real Estate.

DEPARTURE.

RARE CHANCE.

I intend to leave Los Angeles in the month of May and am desirous of disposing of the following property on or before that time:

First—My residence, No. 405 Temple st.; two-story house, 11 rooms and cellar, finely finished and built in the most substantial manner; good stable and carriage house; grounds nicely improved; lot 50 feet on Temple st., 130 feet deep; also, 4 1/2 feet on Bunker Hill ave. by 1884 feet, with 25 foot high house completely furnished and in fine order. Also, one of the finest carriage teams in the city; carriage, phaeton, harness and stable complete. This is a great bargain for parties wanting a complete and well-located home ready for occupancy.

Second—Two lots on Temple st., opposite Olive st.; graded; good location for business or fine residence also.

Third—Three lots in block 2, Park tract, close to business; two lots in block 4, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 5, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 6, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 7, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 8, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 9, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 10, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 11, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 12, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 13, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 14, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 15, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 16, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 17, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 18, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 19, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 20, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 21, Park tract, near Temple st.; one lot in block 22, Park tract, near Temple st.; 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STREET PAVING.

THE COUNCIL MEETS TO DEVISE
WAYS AND MEANS.

Acting Upon Mayor Workman's Time-ly Suggestions—The Work to be Done at In Earnest—Material Undecided.

The City Council met last evening as a committee of the whole for the purpose of listening to the reading of plans and specifications for the paving of the streets. President Breed called the meeting to order and Mr. Perry was requested to occupy the chair. There was just a quorum present, and after some discussion as to the selections of proper material for pavements, the board settled down to business.

Mr. Frankenberg thought the property-holders on Upper Main street were strongly in favor of granite pavement. He understood that the committee was simply to read the specifications and then report to the Mayor and Council.

Mr. Breed said he had a letter from William Patterson, of San Francisco, who, while he was Superintendent of Streets of that city, used the Santa Cruz rock and found that it gave satisfaction. Mayor Pond has given orders for all of the streets that are not now paved to be paved with the Santa Cruz rock.

Mr. Kurtz thought either granite or asphalt will cost from 30 to 40 cents per square foot. "A property-owner who has a few feet will have to spend several thousand dollars, and we will find great opposition to a costly pavement," said the speaker.

Mr. Frankenberg thought they should adopt the specifications and then let contractors bid according to them instead of furnishing their own specifications.

At this stage of the proceedings the asphalt pavement specifications were read by the clerk.

Several members thought the specifications were too binding on the contractor, and did not believe they could get contractors to bid under an agreement that they would compel the contractor to wait ten years for the whole of his pay.

The specifications for granite pavements were then read. Mr. Breed was not in favor of adopting them, if by so doing any contractor would be barred against putting in his bid. He moved that the specifications be referred back to the Board of Public Works, and also to give the contractors the right to furnish their own specifications with bids. Mr. Kurtz amended the motion to read that the Board of Public Works shall fill in the blanks and make any changes they may think necessary. The motion was amended as carried.

The members here entered into a discussion as to whether they could compel the property-holders to pave in front of their property or not. Mr. Kurtz thought it would be better for them to advertise for bids for from one to ten blocks, so that property-holders may know just what it will cost them, and if the cost is not too great he felt that a majority of the property-holders will be willing to pay for paving.

Mr. Frankenberg thought they had just as well pave ten blocks as one, as it would not cost any more, and after the pavement is put down then it will be the duty of the Council to bring a test case and see whether they can force people to pave their property. The whole matter was referred back to the Council and Board of Public Works, and the Council adjourned.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—It was no doubt expected that the announcement of the engagement of Miss Clara Morris would be sufficient to ensure crowded houses, but partly owing, no doubt, to the late scare, and partly, perhaps, on account of the want of attractive power in the piece of the evening, the house last night was not by any means well filled for such an occasion, and a number of regular first-nighters were conspicuous by their absence.

The time-worn play of *Camille*, the pungent history in brief of a sentimental French harlot and her picturesque woes, has now occupied the stage one, would imagine, for a length of time sufficient to nauseate the warmest admirer of the "emotional" drama, of which Miss Morris is admittedly the principal exponent on the American stage. It is, too, a considerable tax upon the patience of an audience to make them sit all night, while the slow, stilted, and stilted, to watch the drawn-out agonies of a play that is essentially nasty.

Modjeska is the only actress who has at all succeeded in making *Camille* a personation to be tolerated on the stage, and so far as she succeeded it was because she gave a spiritualized conception of the part, divesting it of the grossness which clings to it in the hands of other actresses. Miss Morris will have nothing to do with such a sham "Camille," she personates the character with a minuteness of attention to detail, a grasp of power in execution, that is sufficient to satisfy to give assurance of its reality. She is aided in this by a hard, unsympathetic voice, and, very correctly, does not attempt to portray the character with any refinement. The result, while affording proof of histrionic talent, makes it a matter of regret that such talent is not devoted to better uses.

One may well demand in astonishment how it arrives that an actress can so successfully claim to the favorable consideration of an cultivated and self-respecting community by the production of such sickening and repulsive characters as "Camille," "Corra" in *Article 47*, and "Miss Mulrooney" types all of the worst that exists in the Frenchified drama of adultery. The exhibition of such types upon the stage under their worst conditions of profanity, degradation, sickness, and whatever form is chosen for the "emotional" display, cannot but have a bad influence, and is consequently lacking in any artistic motive but the entirely insufficient one of imitating reality and presenting things on the stage as they really are. There is a boundary-line, in passing which this realism may be made highly offensive and injurious to public morals.

Miss Morris's support, with the exception of Mr. Henry Miller, is very weak. Mr. Miller is a young English actor, who appears to possess a good deal of natural ability, and certainly has the necessary physical qualifications for a leading man. With more experience he will most likely prove a valuable addition to the stage.

PRAYERFUL PASADENA.

The \$30,000 Methodist Church to be Dedicated Sunday.

About nine months ago work was begun on the M. E. church at Pasadena. The building was completed a few days ago, and on next Sunday the structure will be occupied for the first time. The new church stands on the corner of Marengo street and Colorado avenue. It has cost a little over \$30,000, and is one of the most complete places of worship on the coast. It is elegantly finished on the inside, and looks more like a fine theater than a church. Rev. P. F. Breese, D.D., has been chosen pastor, and will assist at the services next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Bishop Fowler will deliver the dedicatory address. There will also be services in the evening. The Methodists of Pasadena have taken a great deal of interest in their church, and it is safe to say that they now have one of the most complete churches on the Pacific Coast.

The Bond Bill Signed.

Mayor Workman received a telegram, yesterday, announcing that Gov. Bartlett has signed the Crandall bond bill.

BILL ARRESTED.

For Assault with a Deadly Weapon on Gen. Bouton.
Readers of *The Times* will remember that on the 9th of March Horace Bell assaulted Gen. E. Bouton with a sword-cane, on Spring street, near the courthouse. Gen. Bouton, who did not flinch when the cold steel was within a few inches of his breast, but, on the contrary, stood coolly and sneered at the "brave man" who was brandishing it—was content to let the matter drop there. G. H. Barlow, however, swore out a warrant in Justice Austin's court last Friday. The warrant was not served Monday, as was intended, Bell being out of town. Yesterday morning between 9:30 and 10 o'clock, Deputy Constable Alexander found Bell on Spring street, and arrested him on the charge of assault with a deadly weapon. Bell was taken down to the courtroom, and his examination was set for March 22, at 10 a.m. Gen. Bouton states that he had nothing to do with the present action against Bell.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours—Indications.

LOS ANGELES. SYNOPTICAL OFFICE, March 15.—At 4:07 a.m. today the thermometer registered 50; at 12:07 p.m., 75; at 7:07 p.m., 63. Barometer for corresponding periods, 30.01, 30.02, 29.98. Maximum temperature, 75.0; minimum temperature, 48.0. Weather, foggy.

Mrs. Norton's Recitals.

Mrs. Norton, of San Francisco, one of the leading sopranos of the coast, will give two song recitals in this city, assisted by some of the best local talent. The dates are next Saturday and Tuesday evenings, March 19 and 22. These two occasions will be exceptionally enjoyable need hardly be said. The subscription lists are open today at Bartlett's, 18 West First, and Gardner's, 118 South Spring.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to A. Luis and A. Logier, Robert Montgomery and Mercy Harris, L. M. Fetherolt and E. L. Brown, and Jacob T. Blosser and V. A. Thompson.

A Malicious Report Contradicted.

To the Public: Being informed by persons coming from San Diego and Colton that a rumor was being circulated in these cities to the effect that smallpox was in the St. Elmo Hotel, and this damaging slander having reached this city and grown to such proportions as to induce strangers to believe that a number of cases of this dreaded disease had been taken out of this house, we take this opportunity of forming our numerous patrons and the public generally that there is not, nor has there been at any time, a single case of smallpox in this hotel.

There may be persons in the hotel business who, from motives of rivalry or jealousy, circulate such malicious reports; but if they would only stop to think a moment they would see that such stories will eventually be the means of their own destruction. Respectfully,
ROSS & BILDERBAUM,
Proprietors St. Elmo Hotel.

38-Acces.

Good for three days, and lots of fun on the excursion to San Bernardino tomorrow. See Ben E. Ward for particulars.

Maps, circulars, and printed price lists of Ivanhoe at the office of Byram & Folsom, 27 West First street. Send them to your friends in the East.

Phree concert on the grounds at San Bernardino tomorrow.

Napa Soda for dyspepsia and indigestion.

Unclassified.

W. A. Work, secretary of the Iowa Traveling Men's Association, says: "I regard Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy as one of the safest and best medicines before the public for all cramps, pain in the stomach or bowels, cholera morbus or diarrhea. I have used this medicine personally. Sold by C. H. Hance, 77 & 79 North Spring street."

The Irish people are as strong physically as any race on earth. Their modes of preventing and combating disease, successful as they are, consists almost entirely of one medicine, Physic. Patrick's Pills are the best physic any person can take. Sold by C. H. Hance, 77 & 79 North Spring street.

C. V. Baxter, an experienced and successful druggist at De Witt, Iowa, says one family there created an immense sale for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by using and recommending it to their neighbors, during their siege of whooping-cough. Now it sells rapidly on its merits. It has no equal for coughs, colds and croup. Sold by C. H. Hance, 77 & 79 North Spring street.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures the most obstinate coughs. Try it! Sold by C. H. Hance, 77 & 79 North Spring street.

DOCTOR WHITE,

38 N. MAIN ST.,
Rooms 22 & 23, Phillips block.

Private, Nervous and
Chronic Diseases.

Unclassified.

REMOVAL SALE!

AS WE EXPECT TO REMOVE TO OUR NEW QUARTERS,

Northwest Corner of Spring and First Sts.,

The stand now occupied by J. T. Sheward, about April 15th, we shall offer.

FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS, OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HEAVY-WEIGHT CLOTHING!

At a discount of 10 to 15 per cent. less than former prices.

This insures to buyers reliable goods at prices lower than anything heretofore offered in this market. Every garment marked in plain figures, from which the discount shall be deducted.

BLUETT & SULLIVAN, 13 S. SPRING ST.,

NADEAU BLOCK.

Anglo-Nevada Assurance Corporation

—OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.—

CAPITAL, fully paid.....\$2,000,000

DIRECTORS: James L. Flood, W. H. Dimond,

J. W. Mackay, J. D. Haggren, Geo. L. Brander,

W. F. Whittier, E. L. Griffith, John Rosenfeld,

LOUIS SLOAN.

BANKERS—THE NEVADA BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Los Angeles Agents, KREMER, MELZER & CAMPBELL, 122 N. Spring St.

Real Estate.

ARLINGTON HEIGHTS!

Washington, Pico and Adams Streets.

We offer a free gift of 24 \$300 lots to any one who will build a \$20,000 hotel, and one \$300 lot any purchaser of a lot who will build a \$1500 house on

Arlington Heights!

JUST OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS.

Situated on the High Mesa.

Perfectly Level. Easy to Reach.

NO FROST. NO FOG.

NO HILLS TO CLIMB.

NO DANGEROUS ASCENTS.

NO ADOBE SOIL.

MAGNIFICENT VIEW.

PERFECTION OF CLIMATE.

RICH, LOAMY SOIL.

PURE WATER.

EASY ACCESS.

Prices Low. Terms Easy. Special

Inducements to those who agree

to build immediately.

FOR SALE, 200 TOWN LOTS!

Fronting on streets 100, 80 and not less than 60 feet wide.

FOR SALE, 130 54-ACRE BLOCKS.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Washington st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Washington and Pico sts.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Pico and Sixth streets.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Adams st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Adams and Jefferson sts.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Jefferson st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Jefferson st. and Santa Monica railroad.

It is expected that a large hotel will soon be built on ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

Every city has its one fashionable suburb par excellence; as London has its Richmond, and Paris has its Saint Cloud, so ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, by a happy combination of advantages, promises to become a fashionable addition to Los Angeles, of the beautiful mansions and park-like grounds of the wealthy.

The elegant laws and stately mansions of the rich will be found here within a short time, and purchasers who take advantage of our low prices and easy terms will reap a golden harvest of their investment in ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

TERMS—\$4 cash, \$4 six months, \$4 one year, \$4 eighteen months.

Maps and particulars of

Wiesendanger & Bonsall, 25 W. First.

Upstairs, cor. Spring and First sts.

Or McCarthy's California Land Office,

23 W. FIRST ST.

Or R. Turner, 111 W. First st.

Free ride to Arlington Heights daily

at 10 a.m., from 111 W. First st.

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE WEEK!

—IS TO THIS OFFICE OF—

Mackey & Burnham,

37 S. SPRING STREET,

To purchase some of the following property.

209-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....\$20,000

211-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....12,500

212-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....42,000

217-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....25,000

175-201165, Fort, bet. Third and Fourth.....15,000

N.E. corner Second and Olive, 70x125, with small house.....9,000

100-100165, Hope and Twelfth.....2,100

101-100165, Flower, near Tenth.....2,000

41-40165, Flower, near Ninth.....2,000

140-40165, Hill, near Eleventh.....3,700

140-40165, Hill, bet. First and Second.....7,000

We have lots, improved and unimproved, in all parts of the city, and can suit you in location and price. We also have acre property in all directions, in and out of the city.

Call and see us and we will tell you how to make your expenses.

GRAPE CUTTINGS.

TROUSSEAU AND ZINVADEL CUTTINGS FOR SALE.

Address SEWARD COLE, Box 1871, Los Angeles.

Unclassified.

Real Estate.

LOS ANGELES

Washington, Pico and Adams Streets.

We offer a free gift of 24 \$300 lots to any one who will build a \$20,000 hotel, and one \$300 lot any purchaser of a lot who will build a \$1500 house on

Arlington Heights!

JUST OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS.

Situated on the High Mesa.

Perfectly Level. Easy to Reach.

NO FROST. NO FOG.

NO HILLS TO CLIMB.

NO DANGEROUS ASCENTS.

NO ADOBE SOIL.

MAGNIFICENT VIEW.

PERFECTION OF CLIMATE.

RICH, LOAMY SOIL.

PURE WATER.

EASY ACCESS.

Prices Low. Terms Easy. Special

Inducements to those who agree

to build immediately.

FOR SALE, 200 TOWN LOTS!

Fronting on streets 100, 80 and not less than 60 feet wide.

FOR SALE, 130 54-ACRE BLOCKS.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Washington st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Washington and Pico sts.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Pico and Sixth streets.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Adams st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Adams and Jefferson sts.

TEN 54-acre lots fronting on Jefferson st.

TEN 54-acre lots bet. Jefferson st. and Santa Monica railroad.

It is expected that a large hotel will soon be built on ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

Every city has its one fashionable suburb par excellence; as London has its Richmond, and Paris has its Saint Cloud, so ARLINGTON HEIGHTS, by a happy combination of advantages, promises to become a fashionable addition to Los Angeles, of the beautiful mansions and park-like grounds of the wealthy.

The elegant laws and stately mansions of the rich will be found here within a short time, and purchasers who take advantage of our low prices and easy terms will reap a golden harvest of their investment in ARLINGTON HEIGHTS.

TERMS—\$4 cash, \$4 six months, \$4 one year, \$4 eighteen months.

Maps and particulars of

Wiesendanger & Bonsall, 25 W. First.

Upstairs, cor. Spring and First sts.

Or McCarthy's California Land Office,

23 W. FIRST ST.

Or R. Turner, 111 W. First st.

Free ride to Arlington Heights daily

at 10 a.m., from 111 W. First st.

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE WEEK!

—IS TO THIS OFFICE OF—

Mackey & Burnham,

37 S. SPRING STREET,

To purchase some of the following property.

209-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....\$20,000

211-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....12,500

212-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....42,000

217-201165, Spring, near Fifth.....25,000

175-201165, Fort, bet. Third and Fourth.....15,000

N.E. corner Second and Olive, 70x125, with small house.....9,000

100-100165, Hope and Twelfth.....2,100

101-100165, Flower, near Tenth.....2,000

41-40165, Flower, near Ninth.....2,000

140-40165, Hill, near Eleventh.....3,700

140-40165, Hill, bet. First and Second.....7,000

We have lots, improved and unimproved, in all parts of the city, and can suit you in location and price. We also have acre property in all directions, in and out of the city.

Call and see us and we will tell you how to make your expenses.

GRAPE CUTTINGS.

TROUSSEAU AND ZINVADEL CUTTINGS FOR SALE.

Address SEWARD COLE, Box 1871, Los Angeles.

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